

General-Purpose AC Servo

MITSUBISHI SERVO AMPLIFIERS & MOTORS MELSERVO-J4

SSCNET III/H Interface AC Servo for Pressure Control MODEL (SERVO AMPLIFIER)

MR-J4-\_B\_-LL

**MODEL (DRIVE UNIT)** 

MR-J4-DU\_B\_-LL

SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL

# Safety Instructions

Please read the instructions carefully before using the equipment.

To use the equipment correctly, do not attempt to install, operate, maintain, or inspect the equipment until you have read through this Instruction Manual, Installation guide, and appended documents carefully. Do not use the equipment until you have a full knowledge of the equipment, safety information and instructions. In this Instruction Manual, the safety instruction levels are classified into "WARNING" and "CAUTION".



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight injury to personnel or may cause physical damage.

Note that the \(\frac{1}{2}\)CAUTION level may lead to a serious consequence depending on conditions. Please follow the instructions of both levels because they are important to personnel safety. What must not be done and what must be done are indicated by the following diagrammatic symbols.



Indicates what must not be done. For example, "No Fire" is indicated by 🚷 .





Indicates what must be done. For example, grounding is indicated by 🔔 .



In this Instruction Manual, instructions at a lower level than the above, instructions for other functions, and so on are classified into "POINT".

After reading this Instruction Manual, keep it accessible to the operator.

# 1. To prevent electric shock, note the following

# **MARNING MARNING**

- ●Before wiring, turn off the power and wait for 15 minutes or more (20 minutes or more for converter unit) until the charge lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between P+ and N- (between L+ and L- for converter unit) is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition, when confirming whether the charge lamp is off or not, always confirm it from the front of the servo amplifier.
- Ground the servo amplifier and servo motor securely.
- •Any person who is involved in wiring and inspection should be fully competent to do the work.
- Do not attempt to wire the servo amplifier and servo motor until they have been installed. Otherwise, it may cause an electric shock.
- Do not operate switches with wet hands. Otherwise, it may cause an electric shock.
- ●The cables should not be damaged, stressed, loaded, or pinched. Otherwise, it may cause an electric shock.
- During power-on or operation, do not open the front cover of the servo amplifier. Otherwise, it may cause an electric shock.
- Do not operate the servo amplifier with the front cover removed. High-voltage terminals and charging area are exposed and you may get an electric shock.
- Except for wiring and periodic inspection, do not remove the front cover of the servo amplifier even if the power is off. The servo amplifier is charged and you may get an electric shock.
- To prevent an electric shock, be sure to connect the protective earth (PE) terminal (marked ⊕) of the servo amplifier to the protective earth (PE) of the cabinet.
- To avoid an electric shock, insulate the connections of the power supply terminals.

# 2. To prevent fire, note the following

# **⚠** CAUTION

- ●Install the servo amplifier, servo motor, and regenerative resistor on incombustible material. Installing them directly or close to combustibles will lead to smoke or a fire.
- ■Be sure to connect a magnetic contactor between the power supply and the main circuit power supply (L1, L2, and L3) of the servo amplifier, in order to configure a circuit that shuts off the power supply by the magnetic contactor. If a magnetic contactor is not connected, continuous flow of a large current may cause smoke or a fire when the servo amplifier malfunctions.
- ●Be sure to connect a molded-case circuit breaker or a fuse to each servo amplifier between the main circuit power supply and the power supply (L1, L2, and L3) of the servo amplifier, in order to configure a circuit that shuts off the power supply by the molded-case circuit breaker or the fuse. If a molded-case circuit breaker or fuse is not connected, a continuous flow of a large current may cause smoke or a fire when the servo amplifier malfunctions.
- ●When using a regenerative resistor, shut the power off with the alarm signal. Otherwise, a regenerative transistor malfunction or the like may overheat the regenerative resistor, causing smoke or a fire.
- Provide adequate protection to prevent screws and other conductive matter, oil and other combustible matter from entering the servo amplifier and servo motor.

# 3. To prevent injury, note the following

# **⚠** CAUTION

- ●Only the voltage specified in the Instruction Manual should be applied to each terminal. Otherwise, a burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- Connect cables to the correct terminals. Otherwise, a burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- ●Ensure that polarity (+/-) is correct. Otherwise, a burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- ●The servo amplifier heat sink, regenerative resistor, servo motor, etc., may be hot while the power is on and for some time after power-off. Take safety measures such as providing covers to avoid accidentally touching them by hands and parts such as cables.

## 4. Additional instructions

The following instructions should also be fully noted. Incorrect handling may cause a malfunction, injury, electric shock, fire, etc.

# (1) Transportation and installation

# **⚠** CAUTION

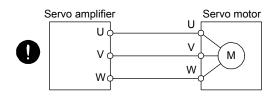
- ●Transport the products correctly according to their mass.
- Stacking in excess of the specified number of product packages is not allowed.
- Do not hold the front cover when transporting the servo amplifier. Otherwise, it may drop.
- ■Install the servo amplifier and the servo motor in a load-bearing place in accordance with the Instruction Manual.
- Do not get on or put heavy load on the equipment.
- ●The equipment must be installed in the specified direction.
- •Leave specified clearances between the servo amplifier and cabinet walls or other equipment.
- ●Do not install or operate the servo amplifier and servo motor which have been damaged or have any parts missing.
- Do not block the intake and exhaust areas of the servo amplifier. Otherwise, it may cause a malfunction.
- As the servo amplifiers and the servo motors are delicate products, avoid dropping or heavy impact.
- When you keep or use the equipment, please fulfill the following environment.

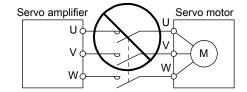
Iten	Item Environment						
Ambient	Operation	0 °C to 55 °C (non-freezing)					
temperature	Storage	-20 °C to 65 °C (non-freezing)					
Ambient	Operation	90 %RH or less (non-condensing)					
humidity	Storage	90 %KH of less (non-condensing)					
Ambie	nce	Indoors (no direct sunlight), free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust, and dirt					
Altitu	de	2000 m or less above sea level (Contact your local sales office for the altitude for options.)					
Vibration re	esistance	5.9 m/s <sup>2</sup> , at 10 Hz to 55 Hz (directions of X, Y and Z axes)					

- ●When the equipment has been stored for an extended period of time, contact your local sales office.
- •When handling the servo amplifier, be careful about the edged parts such as corners of the servo amplifier.
- The servo amplifier must be installed in a metal cabinet.
- •When fumigants that contain halogen materials, such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine, and iodine, are used for disinfecting and protecting wooden packaging from insects, they cause a malfunction when entering our products. Please take necessary precautions to ensure that remaining materials from fumigant do not enter our products, or treat packaging with methods other than fumigation, such as heat treatment. Additionally, disinfect and protect wood from insects before packing the products.

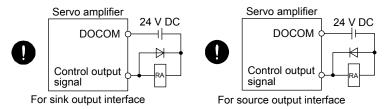
# **⚠** CAUTION

- ●Wire the equipment correctly and securely. Otherwise, the servo motor may operate unexpectedly.
- Do not install a power capacitor, surge killer, or radio noise filter (optional FR-BIF(-H)) on the servo amplifier output side.
- ■To avoid a malfunction, connect the wires to the correct phase terminals (U, V, and W) of the servo amplifier and servo motor.
- Connect the servo amplifier power outputs (U, V, and W) to the servo motor power inputs (U, V, and W) directly. Do not connect a magnetic contactor and others between them. Otherwise, it may cause a malfunction.





- The connection diagrams in this Instruction Manual are shown for sink interfaces, unless stated otherwise.
- The surge absorbing diode installed to the DC relay for control output should be fitted in the specified direction. Otherwise, the servo amplifier will malfunction and will not output signals, disabling the emergency stop and other protective circuits.



- ●When the wires are not tightened enough to the terminal block, the wires or terminal block may generate heat because of the poor contact. Be sure to tighten the wires with specified torque.
- Connecting a servo motor of the wrong axis to U, V, W, or CN2 of the servo amplifier may cause a malfunction.
- Configure a circuit to turn off EM2 or EM1 when the main circuit power is turned off to prevent an unexpected restart of the servo amplifier.

# (3) Test run and adjustment

# **A** CAUTION

- Before operation, check and adjust the parameter settings. Improper settings may cause some machines to operate unexpectedly.
- •Never make a drastic adjustment or change to the parameter values as doing so will make the operation unstable.
- Do not get close to moving parts during the servo-on status.

## (4) Usage

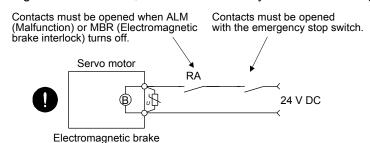
# **⚠** CAUTION

- Provide an external emergency stop circuit to stop the operation and shut the power off immediately.
- ●Do not disassemble, repair, or modify the equipment.
- Before resetting an alarm, make sure that the run signal of the servo amplifier is off in order to prevent a sudden restart. Otherwise, it may cause an accident.
- ●Use a noise filter, etc. to minimize the influence of electromagnetic interference. Electromagnetic interference may affect the electronic equipment used near the servo amplifier.
- Do not burn or destroy the servo amplifier. Doing so may generate a toxic gas.
- •Use the servo amplifier with the specified servo motor.
- ■The electromagnetic brake on the servo motor is designed to hold the motor shaft and should not be used for ordinary braking.
- For such reasons as service life and mechanical structure (e.g. where a ball screw and the servo motor are coupled via a timing belt), the electromagnetic brake may not hold the motor shaft. To ensure safety, install a stopper on the machine side.

## (5) Corrective actions

# **A** CAUTION

- Ensure safety by confirming the power off, etc. before performing corrective actions. Otherwise, it may cause an accident.
- If it is assumed that a power failure or product malfunction may result in a hazardous situation, use a servo motor with an electromagnetic brake or provide an external brake system for holding purpose to prevent such hazard.
- Configure an electromagnetic brake circuit, which is activated by an external emergency stop switch.



- When an alarm occurs, eliminate its cause, ensure safety, and deactivate the alarm to restart operation.
- Provide an adequate protection to prevent unexpected restart after an instantaneous power failure.

# (6) Maintenance, inspection and parts replacement

# **⚠** CAUTION

- ■Make sure that the emergency stop circuit operates properly such that an operation can be stopped immediately and a power is shut off by the emergency stop switch.
- It is recommended that the servo amplifier be replaced every 10 years when it is used in general environment.
- When using the servo amplifier that has not been energized for an extended period of time, contact your local sales office.

## (7) General instruction

●To illustrate details, the equipment in the diagrams of this Instruction Manual may have been drawn without covers and safety guards. When the equipment is operated, the covers and safety guards must be installed as specified. Operation must be performed in accordance with this Instruction Manual.

# DISPOSAL OF WASTE

Please dispose a servo amplifier, battery (primary battery) and other options according to your local laws and regulations.



## EEP-ROM life

The number of write times to the EEP-ROM, which stores parameter settings, etc., is limited to 100,000. If the total number of the following operations exceeds 100,000, the servo amplifier may malfunction when the EEP-ROM reaches the end of its useful life.

- Write to the EEP-ROM due to parameter setting changes
- Write to the EEP-ROM due to device changes

#### STO function of the servo amplifier

The servo amplifier complies with safety integrity level 3 (SIL 3) of the IEC 61508:2010 functional safety standard.

Refer to Appendix 14 for schedule.

When using the STO function of the servo amplifier, refer to chapter 13.

For the MR-J3-D05 safety logic unit, refer to appendix 5.

#### Compliance with global standards

For the compliance with global standards, refer to appendix 4.

#### «About the manual»

You must have this Instruction Manual and the following manuals to use this servo. Be sure to prepare all the instruction manuals necessary to use the servo safely.

Servo amplifiers and drive units are written as servo amplifiers in this manual under certain circumstances, unless otherwise stated.

#### Relevant manuals

Manual name	Manual No.
MR-J4B(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual	SH(NA)030106
MELSERVO-J4 Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual (Troubleshooting)	SH(NA)030109
MELSERVO MR-J4-DU_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K_ Instruction Manual (Note 2)	SH(NA)030153
MELSERVO Servo Motor Instruction Manual (Vol. 3) (Note 1)	SH(NA)030113
EMC Installation Guidelines	IB(NA)67310

Note 1. It is necessary for using a rotary servo motor.

This Instruction Manual does not describe the following items. The following are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B Servo amplifiers. For the details of the items, refer to each chapter/section indicated in the detailed explanation field. "MR-J4-\_B\_" means "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual". "MR-J4-\_DU\_" means "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual".

Item	Detailed explanation
INSTALLATION	MR-J4B_ chapter 2
	MR-J4DU_ chapter 2
STARTUP	MR-J4B_ chapter 4
	MR-J4DU_ chapter 4
NORMAL GAIN ADJUSTMENT (Note)	MR-J4B_ chapter 6
SPECIAL ADJUSTMENT FUNCTIONS (Note)	MR-J4B_ chapter 7
DIMENSIONS	MR-J4B_ chapter 9
	MR-J4DU_ chapter 7
CHARACTERISTICS	MR-J4B_ chapter 10
	MR-J4DU_ chapter 8
ABSOLUTE POSITION DETECTION SYSTEM	MR-J4B_ chapter 12
USING STO FUNCTION	MR-J4B_ chapter 13

Note. Refer to chapter 4 for adjustment of pressure control.

#### «Cables used for wiring»

Wires mentioned in this Instruction Manual are selected based on an ambient temperature of 40 °C.

<sup>2.</sup> It is necessary for using an MR-J4-DU\_B\_(-RJ) drive unit and MR-CR55K\_ converter unit.

MEMO			

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The following items are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_. Refer to the section of the detailed explanation field for details.

"MR-J4-\_B\_" means "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

"MR-J4-\_DU\_" means "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual".

Item	Detailed explanation
Structure	MR-J4B_ section 1.7 MR-J4DU_ section 1.5
Configuration including peripheral equipment	MR-J4B_ section 1.8 MR-J4DU_ section 1.6

#### 1.1 Summary

MR-J4-\_B\_-LL (SSCNET III/H interface pressure control compatible servo amplifier) enables pressure control using a pressure sensor (load cell).

The servo amplifier receives analog signals from the pressure sensor (load cell), and a servo system controller gives a pressure command to the servo amplifier to control and maintain the actual pressure to constant even if the load changes. This function is suitable for machines such as molding machines and bonders which require pressure control.

Position control, speed control, and pressure control modes are available, and the mode can be changed from the servo system controller.

Items not mentioned in this manual are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier. Refer to "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" and "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual".

- (1) Main difference from the MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier
  - (a) Functions added to or changed from the MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier
    - Pressure control mode
    - Analog input added (three points)
  - (b) Functions deleted or reduced from the MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier
    - Torque control mode
    - Continuous operation to torque control mode
    - Encoder output pulse (A/B/Z-phase)
    - Digital input (reduced from four points to one point)
    - Digital output (reduced from three points to two points)
    - Fully closed loop system
    - Linear servo motor system
    - Direct drive servo system
    - Master-slave operation function
    - Scale measurement function
    - J3 compatibility mode
    - Super trace control
  - (c) Functions added by a software upgrade

Functions available with the MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier with software version C0 or later are not available with the MR-J4-\_B\_-LL.

#### (2) Compatible controller

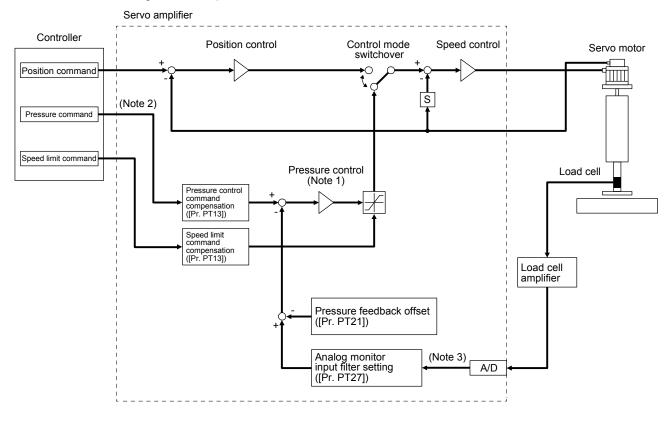
Use the MR-J4-\_B\_-LL with the pressure control compatible servo system controller and operation system listed in the following table. Never connect with other controllers.

Motion controller model	Operation system
R64MTCPU/R32MTCPU/R16MTCPU	SW10DNC-RMTFW version 03 or later (Note)

Note. The operation system is installed before shipment. Refer to the controller instruction manual.

#### 1.2 Function block diagram

The function block diagram of the pressure control is shown below.



Note 1. Set the pressure loop gain with [Pr. PT01], [Pr. PT02], and [Pr. PT03].

- 2. Set the increasing direction of the pressure command with [Pr. PT12].
- ${\it 3. \,\, Set the \,\, conversion \,\, coefficient \,\, of \,\, the \,\, pressure \,\, feedback \,\, voltage \,\, with \,\, [Pr. \,\, PT22].}$

## 1.3 Standard specifications

# (1) Servo amplifier

(a) 200 V class

Model MR-J4LL			20B	40B	60B	70B	100B	200B	350B	500B	700B	11KB	15KB	22KB
Rated voltage			_,_	.,,_				nase 170						
Output	Rated current [A]	1.1	1.5	2.8	3.2	5.8	6.0	11.0	17.0	28.0	37.0	68.0	87.0	126.0
	. istoo ourront [/t]		3-phase or 1-								5.0			
		3 nha	co or 1 r	shaca 20	00 V AC	to 240	phase				3_r	hase		
	Voltage/Frequency	э-рпа		, 50 Hz/		10 240	AC to			200 V A			) Hz/60 H	7
				,			AC, 50		· '					_
	Rated current				3.2	l	Hz (No	ne 10)						
	(Note 8) [A]	0.9	1.5	2.6	(Note 5)	3.8	5.0	10.5	16.0	21.7	28.9	46.0	64.0	95.0
Main circuit	(				(	<u> </u>	3-phas	e or 1-					l .	
power supply	Permissible voltage		3-pha	se or 1-	phase		phase			2 pho	oo 170 V	/ AC to 2	24 V AC	
input	fluctuation		170 V /	AC to 26	64 V AC		AC to			э-рпа	SC 170 V	AC 10 21	54 V AC	
	Description for the second						AC (No	ote 10)						
	Permissible frequency fluctuation						W	ithin ±5'	%					
	Power supply													
	capacity [kVA]		ı	Refer to	section	10.2 of "	MR-J4	B_(-RJ)	Servo A	mplifier	Instruction	on Manua	al".	
	Inrush current [A]		ı	Refer to	section	10.5 of "	MR-J4	B_(-RJ)	Servo A	mplifier	Instruction	on Manua	al".	
	Voltage/Frequency						200 V AC			-				
	Rated current [A]				0	.2						0.3		
Control circuit	Permissible voltage					1-n	hase 170	0 V AC t	n 264 \/	AC				
power supply	fluctuation					' P	11430 17	0 1 710 1	0 20+ V	7.0				
input	Permissible frequency						W	ithin ±5'	%					
	fluctuation				2	60						45		
	Power consumption [W] Inrush current [A]			Pafer to			MP_ IA	R (-D I\	Sano A	molifier	Inetruction	on Manua	al"	
Interface news			ı	veigi 10	3CUIUI1	10.5 01		<u>в_(-кл)</u> 24 V ± 1		mpiniel	ıı ıəti üCll	JII IVIAIIU	ai .	
Interface power supply	Current capacity [A]				(N	lote 1) 0				tor sign:	als)			
Control method	zanom oupdony [/t]	(Note 1) 0.3 (including CN8 connector signals)  Sine-wave PWM control, current control method												
Dumamia hazi		Ruilt in External option												
Dynamic brake		Built-in (Note 7, 9)												
SSCNET III/H c	ommunication cycle	0.222 ms, 0.444 ms, 0.888 ms												
(Note 6)														
Fully closed loo		Not available												
Scale measurer		Not available												
Load-side enco		Not available												
Communication		USB: connection to a personal computer or others (MR Configurator2-compatible)												
Encoder output	puises	Not available												
Analog monitor		Two channels												
Analog input Digital I/O		Three points (±10 V)												
Digital I/O		DI 1 point, DO 2 points  Overcurrent shut-off, regenerative overvoltage shut-off, overload shut-off (electronic thermal), servo motor										motor		
Protective funct	overheat protection, encoder error protection, regenerative error protection, undervoltage protection, instantaneous power failure protection, overspeed protection, and error excessive protection										tion,			
Functional safet	STO (IEC/EN 61800-5-2)													
		EN I	SO 1384	19-1 cate						SIL CL2	2, EN 618	00-5-2		
	Standards certified by CB Response performance						ss (STO							
	(Note 3)						t pulse ir							
	Test pulse input (STO)  Test pulse off time: Up to 1 ms													
Safety performance	Mean time to dangerous failure (MTTFd)					N	/ITTFd ≥	100 [yea	ars] (314	-a)				
	Diagnostic coverage (DC)						DC = N	ledium,	97.6 [%]					
	Average probability of													
	dangerous failures per						PFH =	6.4 × 10	0 <sup>-9</sup> [1/h]					
	hour (PFH)													

Model MR-J4L	10B	20B	40B	60B	70B	100B	200B	350B	500B	700B	11KB	15KB	22KB		
Compliance to global standards	CE marking		LVD: EN 61800-5-1 EMC: EN 61800-3 MD: EN ISO 13849-1, EN 61800-5-2, EN 62061												
	UL standard								UL 5080	;	_				
Structure (IP ratir	ng)		Natura	al coolin	g, open	(IP20)	Force	cooling	j, open (	IP20)	Ford	ce coolin	g, open (	IP20) (No	ote 4)
Close mounting	3-phase power supply input					Pos	sible				Impossible				
(Note 2)	1-phase power input	1-phase power supply nput		Possible			Impo	ssible			_				
	Ambient	Operation	0 °C to 55 °C (non-freezing)												
	temperature	-20 °C to 65 °C (non-freezing)													
Environment	Ambient humidity	Operation Storage		90 %RH or less (non-condensing)											
Limionnent	Ambience	Indoors (no direct sunlight), free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust, and dirt													
	Altitude		2000 m or less above sea level (Note 11)												
	Vibration resistance		5.9 m/s <sup>2</sup> , at 10 Hz to 55 Hz (directions of X, Y and Z axes)												
Mass	Mass [kg]				1.	.0	1	.4	2.1	2.3	4.0	6.2	13	3.4	18.2

- Note 1. 0.3 A is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points.
  - 2. When closely mounting the servo amplifiers, operate them at the ambient temperatures of 0 °C to 45 °C or at 75% or smaller effective load ratio.
  - 3. Test pulse is a signal which instantaneously turns off a signal to the servo amplifier at a constant period for external circuit to self-diagnose.
  - 4. Except for the terminal block.
  - 5. The rated current is 2.9 A when the servo amplifier is used with a UL or CSA compliant servo motor.
  - 6. The communication cycle depends on the controller specifications and the number of axes connected.
  - 7. Use an external dynamic brake for this servo amplifier. Failure to do so will cause an accident because the servo motor does not stop immediately but coasts at emergency stop. Ensure the safety in the entire equipment. For wiring of the external dynamic brake, refer to section 11.17 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".
  - 8. This value is applicable when a 3-phase power supply is used.
  - 9. The external dynamic brake cannot be used for compliance with SEMI-F47 standard. Do not assign DB (Dynamic brake interlock) in [Pr. PD07] and [Pr. PD08]. Doing so will cause the servo amplifier to become servo-off when an instantaneous power failure occurs.
  - 10. When using 1-phase 200 V AC to 240 V AC power supply, operate the servo amplifier at 75% or smaller effective load ratio.
  - 11. Follow the restrictions in section 2.7 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" when using the servo amplifiers at altitude exceeding 1000 m and up to 2000 m above sea level.

# (b) 400 V class

Model MR-J4L	.L		60B4	100B4	200B4	350B4	500B4	700B4	11KB4	15KB4	22KB
Outrot	Rated voltage					3-р	hase 323 V	AC			
Output	Rated current	[A]	1.5	2.8	5.4	8.6	14.0	17.0	32.0	41.0	63.0
	Voltage/Frequen	псу			3-ph	ase 380 V A	C to 480 V	AC, 50 Hz/0	60 Hz		
	Rated current	[A]	1.4	2.5	5.1	7.9	10.8	14.4	23.1	31.8	47.6
Main circuit	Permissible volta	age			•	3-phase 3	23 V AC to	528 V AC	1		
power supply input	Permissible frequency	uency					Within ±5%	)			
iiiput	Power supply	[kVA]		Refer to :	section 10.2	of "MR-J4-	B (-RJ) Se	rvo Amplifie	er Instruction	Manual".	
	capacity Inrush current	[A]				of "MR-J4-	/	·			
	Voltage/Frequen	ncy			1-ph	ase 380 V A	C to 480 V	AC, 50 Hz/0	60 Hz		
	Rated current	[A]		0.1				(	).2		
Control circuit	Permissible volta fluctuation	age				1-phase 3	323 V AC to	528 V AC			
power supply input	Permissible frequency fluctuation	uency					Within ±5%	)			
	Power consump	tion [W]		30				4	45		
	Inrush current	[A]		Refer to	section 10.5	of "MR-J4	B_(-RJ) Se	rvo Amplifie	er Instruction	Manual".	
Interface power	Voltage					_	1 V DC ± 10				
supply	Current capacity	' [A]			(Note	1) 0.3 (inclu	uding CN8 o	connector si	gnals)		
Control method					Sine-\	vave PWM o	control, curr	ent control r	nethod		
Dynamic brake						lt-in	,		1	al option (N	lote 5, 6)
	mmunication cycle	e (Note 4)				0.222 ms	, 0.444 ms,	0.888 ms	ı		. ,
Fully closed loop	-	, , , ,					Not available				
Scale measurem	Not available  Not available										
Load-side encode			Not available								
Communication f			USB: connection to a personal computer or others (MR Configurator2-compatible)								
Encoder output p			Not available								
Analog monitor	141000		Two channels								
Analog input			Three points (±10 V)								
Digital I/O			DI 1 point, DO 2 points								
Protective function	ons		Overcurrent shut-off, regenerative overvoltage shut-off, overload shut-off (electronic thermal), servo motor overheat protection, encoder error protection, regenerative error protection, undervoltage protection, instantaneous power failure protection, overspeed protection, and error excessive protection								
Functional safety	i		STO (IEC/EN 61800-5-2)								
	Standards certifi	ed by CB	EN ISO 13849-1 category 3 PL d, IEC 61508 SIL 2, EN 62061 SIL CL2, EN 61800-5-2								
	Response perfor		8 ms or less (STO input off → energy shut off)								
	(Note 2)		Test pulse interval: 1 Hz to 25 Hz								
	Test pulse input	(STO)	Test pulse off time: Up to 1 ms								
Safety performance	Mean time to da failure (MTTFd)	• ,					≥ 100 [years	-			
<b>F</b>	Diagnostic cover	rage (DC)	DC = Medium, 97.6 [%]								
	Average probabi dangerous failur (PFH)	ility of					= 6.4 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>				
Compliance to global	CE marking		LVD: EN 61800-5-1 EMC: EN 61800-3								
standards	UL standard	MD: EN ISO 13849-1, EN 61800-5-2, EN 62061 UL 508C									
Close mounting	OL Stanuaru						Impossible				
Structure (IP rating)				oling, open 20)		oling, open	Проззые		ng, open (IF	220) (Note 3	3)
	Ambient	Operation	,,,	-1	1 ("		i 55 °C (non-i	freezina)			
	Storage					65 °C (non					
	temperature Ambient	Operation									
Environment	humidity	Storage	90 %RH or less (non-condensing)								
	Ambience			f	ree from cor	Indoors rosive gas, f	(no direct s lammable g	• ,.	dust, and d	lirt	
	Altitude						r less above				
	Vibration				5.9 m/s <sup>2</sup> , a	t 10 Hz to 55		ons of X, Y	and Z axes)		_
Mass		[kg]	1	.7	2.1	3.6	4.3	6.5	1	3.4	18.2

- Note 1. 0.3 A is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points.
  - 2. Test pulse is a signal which instantaneously turns off a signal to the servo amplifier at a constant period for external circuit to self-diagnose.
  - 3. Except for the terminal block.
  - 4. The communication cycle depends on the controller specifications and the number of axes connected.
  - 5. Use an external dynamic brake for this servo amplifier. Failure to do so will cause an accident because the servo motor does not stop immediately but coasts at emergency stop. Ensure the safety in the entire equipment. For wiring of the external dynamic brake, refer to section 11.17 of "MR-J4-B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".
  - 6. The external dynamic brake cannot be used for compliance with SEMI-F47 standard. Do not assign DB (Dynamic brake interlock) in [Pr. PD07] and [Pr. PD08]. Doing so will cause the servo amplifier to become servo-off when an instantaneous power failure occurs.
  - 7. Follow the restrictions in section 2.7 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" when using the servo amplifiers at altitude exceeding 1000 m and up to 2000 m above sea level.

# (c) 100 V class

В		10B1	20B1	40B1						
I I K	Rated voltage		3-phase 170 V AC							
Output		A] 1.1	1.5	2.8						
V	oltage/Frequency	-	nase 100 V AC to 120 V AC, 50 Hz/6	D Hz						
		A] 3.0	5.0	9.0						
	Permissible voltage		1-phase 85 V AC to 132 V AC							
a o oan	uctuation Permissible frequency									
· ·	uctuation Power supply		Within ±5%							
Ca	apacity		? of "MR-J4B_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier							
	nrush current [ oltage/Frequency		of "MR-J4B_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier case 100 V AC to 120 V AC, 50 Hz/60							
-	. ,	A]	0.4	<del> </del>						
<u> </u>	Permissible voltage	7 4	<u> </u>							
Control circuit flu	uctuation		1-phase 85 V AC to 132 V AC							
Input P	Permissible frequency uctuation		Within ±5%							
Р	Power consumption [	N]	30							
In	nrush current [	A] Refer to section 10.5	of "MR-J4B_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier	Instruction Manual".						
Interface power V	/oltage		24 V DC ± 10%							
supply C	Current capacity [	A] (Note	e 1) 0.3 (including CN8 connector sig	nals)						
Control method		Sine-	wave PWM control, current control m	ethod						
Dynamic brake			Built-in							
SSCNET III/H comm	munication cycle		0.222 ms, 0.444 ms, 0.888 ms							
Fully closed loop co	ontrol		Not available							
Scale measurement		Not available								
Load-side encoder i			Not available							
Communication fundament		USB: connection to a personal computer or others (MR Configurator2-compatible)								
Encoder output puls		G 22: 65: 65 d	Not available							
Analog monitor			Two channels							
Analog input			Three points (±10 V)							
Digital I/O			DI 1 point, DO 2 points							
Protective functions	5	overheat protection, encoder er	Overcurrent shut-off, regenerative overvoltage shut-off, overload shut-off (electronic thermal), servo motor overheat protection, encoder error protection, regenerative error protection, undervoltage protection, instantaneous power failure protection, overspeed protection, and error excessive protection							
Functional safety		·	STO (IEC/EN 61800-5-2)	•						
	Standards certified by	CB EN ISO 13849-1 categor	y 3 PL d, IEC 61508 SIL 2, EN 6206	1 SIL CL2, EN 61800-5-2						
	Response performance		s or less (STO input off → energy shu							
	Note 3)		Test pulse interval: 1 Hz to 25 Hz	,						
T	est pulse input (STO)		Test pulse off time: Up to 1 ms							
_	Mean time to dangerou ailure (MTTFd)	s	MTTFd ≥ 100 [years] (314a)							
	Diagnostic coverage (D	C)	DC = Medium, 97.6 [%]							
A da	Average probability of langerous failures per lour (PFH)		PFH = 6.4 × 10 <sup>-9</sup> [1/h]							
			LVD: EN 61800-5-1							
Compliance to C	E marking	140.7	EMC: EN 61800-3							
alabal atandarda		MD: EN ISO 13849-1, EN 61800-5-2, EN 62061								
global standards	II atamatana	UL 508C								
U	JL standard									
_	)		UL 508C  Natural cooling, open (IP20)  Possible							

Model MR-J4LL		10B1	20B1	40B1		
	Ambient	Operation		0 °C to 55 °C (non-freezing)		
	temperature Storage		-20 °C to 65 °C (non-freezing)			
	Ambient	Operation		00.0/ Dilloglass (non-sondarsina)		
Environment	humidity	Storage	90 %RH or less (non-condensing)			
Liviloriment	Ambience		Indoors (no direct sunlight),			
	Ambience		free from cor	free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust, and dirt		
	Altitude		2000 m or less above sea level (Note 5)			
	Vibration resi	stance	5.9 m/s <sup>2</sup> , at 10 Hz to 55 Hz (directions of X, Y and Z axes)		nd Z axes)	
Mass	•	[kg]	0.	8	1.0	

- Note 1. 0.3 A is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points.
  - 2. When closely mounting the servo amplifiers, operate them at the ambient temperatures of 0 °C to 45 °C or at 75% or smaller effective load ratio.
  - 3. Test pulse is a signal which instantaneously turns off a signal to the servo amplifier at a constant period for external circuit to self-diagnose.
  - 4. The communication cycle depends on the controller specifications and the number of axes connected.
  - 5. Follow the restrictions in section 2.7 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" when using the servo amplifiers at altitude exceeding 1000 m and up to 2000 m above sea level.

# (2) Drive unit

# (a) 200 V class

Model MR-J4-DULL			30KB	37KB	
-	Rated voltage		3-phase	170 V AC	
Output	Rated current	[A]	174	204	
Main circuit power su	pply input		The main circuit power of the drive unit is supplied by the converter unit.		
	Voltage/Frequer	ncy	•	240 V AC, 50 Hz/60 Hz	
	Rated current	[A]	0.	.3	
Control circuit power	Permissible volt fluctuation		1-phase 170 V	AC to 264 V AC	
supply input	Permissible freq fluctuation	luency	Withir	n ±5%	
	Power consump	otion [W]	4	5	
	Inrush current	[A]	Refer to section 8.4 of "MR-J4-DU_(-	RJ)/MR-CR55K_ Instruction Manual".	
Interface power	Voltage		24 V DC	C ± 10%	
supply	Current capacity	/ [A]	(Note 1) 0.3 (including	CN8 connector signals)	
Control method			Sine-wave PWM control	, current control method	
Dynamic brake			External option	on (Note 5, 6)	
SSCNET III/H commu	unication cycle (N	ote 4)	0.222 ms, 0.44-	4 ms, 0.888 ms	
Fully closed loop conf			Not av	ailable	
Scale measurement f			Not av	ailable	
Load-side encoder in	terface		Not av	ailable	
Communication funct	ion		USB: connection to a personal computer	or others (MR Configurator2-compatible)	
Encoder output pulses			Not av	. ,	
Analog monitor			Two ch		
Analog input			Three poir	nts (±10 V)	
Digital I/O			DI 1 point, DO 2 points		
Protective functions			Overcurrent shut-off, overload shut-off (electronic thermal), servo motor overheat protection, encoder error protection, undervoltage protection, instantaneous power failure protection, overspeed protection, and error excessive protection		
Functional safety	Functional safety		STO (IEC/EN 61800-5-2)		
	Standards certified by CB		EN ISO 13849-1 category 3 PL d, IEC 61508 SIL 2, EN 62061 SIL CL2, EN 61800-5-2		
	Response performance		8 ms or less (STO input off → energy shut off)		
	(Note 2) Test pulse input		Test pulse interval: 1 Hz to 25 Hz		
	(Note 2) Test pulse input (STO)		Test pulse off time: Up to 1 ms		
Safety performance	Mean time to dangerous failure (MTTFd)		·	MTTFd ≥ 100 [years] (314a)	
	Diagnostic coverage (DC)		DC = Mediu	DC = Medium, 97.6 [%]	
	Average probability of dangerous failures per hour (PFH)		PFH = 6.4		
			LVD: EN	61800-5-1	
Compliance to	CE marking		EMC: EN	61800-3	
global standards	]		MD: EN ISO 13849-1, E	N 61800-5-2, EN 62061	
UL standard				<u> </u>	
Structure (IP rating)			Force cooling, ope		
, ,,		Operation		(non-freezing)	
	temperature	Storage	-20 °C to 65 °C		
	Ambient humidity	Operation Storage	90 %RH or less (		
Environment		<u> </u>	Indoors (no direct sunlight),		
	Ambience		free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust, and dirt		
	Altitude		2000 m or less above sea level (Note 7)		
	Vibration resista	ince	5.9 m/s <sup>2</sup> , at 10 Hz to 55 Hz (directions of X, Y and Z axes)		
Mass		[kg]	21		
		r 01	21		

- Note 1. 0.3 A is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points.
  - 2. Test pulse is a signal which instantaneously turns off a signal to the drive unit at a constant period for external circuit to self-diagnose.
  - 3. Except for the terminal block.
  - 4. The communication cycle depends on the controller specifications and the number of axes connected.
  - 5. Use an external dynamic brake for this drive unit. Failure to do so will cause an accident because the servo motor does not stop immediately but coasts at emergency stop. Ensure the safety in the entire equipment. For wiring of the external dynamic brake, refer to section 9.3 of "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual".
  - 6. The external dynamic brake cannot be used for compliance with SEMI-F47 standard. Do not assign DB (Dynamic brake interlock) in [Pr. PD07] and [Pr. PD08]. Doing so will cause the drive unit to become servo-off when an instantaneous power failure occurs.
  - 7. Follow the restrictions in section 2.5 of "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual" when using the drive units at altitude exceeding 1000 m and up to 2000 m above sea level.

# (b) 400 V class

Model MR-J4-DULL	-		30KB4	37KB4	45KB4	55KB4	
Output	Rated voltage			3-phase	323 V AC		
Output	Rated current	[A]	87	102	131	143	
Main circuit power supply input			The main circuit power of the drive unit is supplied by the converter unit.			verter unit.	
	Voltage/Frequer	ncy		1-phase 380 V AC to	480 V AC, 50 Hz/60 Hz		
	Rated current	[A]		0	.2		
Control circuit power	Permissible volt fluctuation	age		1-phase 323 V	AC to 528 V AC		
supply input	Permissible free fluctuation	luency		Withi	n ±5%		
	Power consump	tion [W]		4	ļ5		
	Inrush current	[A]	Refer to se	ection 8.4 of "MR-J4-DU (-	RJ)/MR-CR55K Instruction	on Manual".	
Interface power	Voltage			24 V D	C ± 10%		
supply	Current capacity	/ [A]		(Note 1) 0.3 (including	CN8 connector signals)		
Control method	1				I, current control method		
Dynamic brake					on (Note 5, 6)		
SSCNET III/H commu	inication cycle (N	ote 4)		•	4 ms, 0.888 ms		
Fully closed loop con		010 1)		·	vailable		
Scale measurement f					vailable		
Load-side encoder in					vailable		
Communication funct			LISB: connect	ion to a personal computer		or2-compatible)	
Encoder output pulse			OOD. COIIIIECT		/ailable	orz-compatible)	
Analog monitor	3				nannels		
	3						
Analog input			Three points (±10 V)				
Digital I/O			DI 1 point, DO 2 points  Overcurrent shut-off, overload shut-off (electronic thermal), servo motor overheat protection,				
Protective functions	Protective functions		encoder error protection, undervoltage protection, instantaneous power failure protection, overspeed protection, and error excessive protection				
Functional safety			STO (IEC/EN 61800-5-2)				
,	Standards certif	ied by CB	EN ISO 13849-1 category 3 PL d, IEC 61508 SIL 2, EN 62061 SIL CL2, EN 61800-5-2				
	Response perfo		8 ms or less (STO input off → energy shut off)				
	(Note 2) Test pu		Test pulse interval: 1 Hz to 25 Hz				
	(STO)		Test pulse off time: Up to 1 ms				
Safety performance	Mean time to dangerous failure (MTTFd)		MTTFd ≥ 100 [years] (314a)				
	Diagnostic cove	rage (DC)		DC = Medium, 97.6 [%]			
	Average probability of dangerous failures per hour (PFH)			PFH = 6.4	× 10 <sup>-9</sup> [1/h]		
				LVD: EN	61800-5-1		
Compliance to	CE marking			EMC: EN	N 61800-3		
global standards  UL standard				MD: EN ISO 13849-1, E	EN 61800-5-2, EN 62061		
		UL 508C					
Structure (IP rating)			Force cooling, open (IP20) (Note 3)				
Ambient Operation		0 °C to 55 °C (non-freezing)					
	temperature	Storage	-20 °C to 65 °C (non-freezing)				
	Ambient Operation humidity Storage		90 %RH or less (non-condensing)				
Environment		•	Indoors (no direct sunlight),				
	Ambience		free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust, and dirt				
	Altitude		2000 m or less above sea level (Note 7)				
	Vibration resista	ince	5.		(directions of X, Y and Z axes)		
Mass		[kg]	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>	16	· '	1	
		r 01			1		

- Note 1. 0.3 A is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points.
  - 2. Test pulse is a signal which instantaneously turns off a signal to the drive unit at a constant period for external circuit to self-diagnose.
  - 3. Except for the terminal block.
  - 4. The communication cycle depends on the controller specifications and the number of axes connected.
  - 5. Use an external dynamic brake for this drive unit. Failure to do so will cause an accident because the servo motor does not stop immediately but coasts at emergency stop. Ensure the safety in the entire equipment. For wiring of the external dynamic brake, refer to section 9.3 of "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual".
  - 6. The external dynamic brake cannot be used for compliance with SEMI-F47 standard. Do not assign DB (Dynamic brake interlock) in [Pr. PD07] and [Pr. PD08]. Doing so will cause the drive unit to become servo-off when an instantaneous power failure occurs.
  - 7. Follow the restrictions in section 2.5 of "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual" when using the drive units at altitude exceeding 1000 m and up to 2000 m above sea level.

#### (3) Converter unit

For standard specifications of MR-CR55K and MR-CR55K4, refer to section 1.2 of "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual".

#### 1.4 Combinations of servo amplifiers and servo motors

#### **POINT**

- ●When a 1-phase 200 V AC input is used, the maximum torque of 400% cannot be achieved with HG-JR series servo motor.
- ■When you use the MR-J4-100B-LL or MR-J4-200B-LL with the 1-phase 200 V AC input, contact your local sales office for the torque characteristics of the HG-UR series and HG-RR series servo motors.

#### (1) 200 V class

				Servo motor			
Servo amplifier	HG-KR	HG-MR	HG-SR	HG-UR	HG-RR	HG-JR	HG-JR (When the maximum torque is 400%)
MR-J4-10B-LL	053	053					
	13	13					
MR-J4-20B-LL	23	23					
MR-J4-40B-LL	43	43					
MR-J4-60B-LL			51 52			53	
MR-J4-70B-LL	73	73		72		73	
MR-J4-100B-LL			81 102			103	53
MR-J4-200B-LL			121 201 152 202	152	103 153	153 203	73 103
MR-J4-350B-LL			301 352	202	203	353	153 203
MR-J4-500B-LL			421 502	352 502	353 503	503	353
MR-J4-700B-LL			702			601 701M 703	503
MR-J4-11KB-LL						801 12K1 11K1M 903	
MR-J4-15KB-LL						15K1 15K1M	
MR-J4-22KB-LL						20K1 25K1 22K1M	

## (2) 400 V class

		Servo motor	
Servo amplifier	HG-SR	HG-JR	HG-JR (When the maximum torque is 400%)
MR-J4-60B4-LL	524	534	
MR-J4-100B4-LL	1024	734 1034	534
MR-J4-200B4-LL	1524	1534	734
	2024	2034	1034
MR-J4-350B4-LL	3524	3534	1534 2034
MR-J4-500B4-LL	5024	5034	3534
MR-J4-700B4-LL	7024	6014 701M4 7034	5034
MR-J4-11KB4-LL		8014 12K14 11K1M4 9034	
MR-J4-15KB4-LL		15K14 15K1M4	
MR-J4-22KB4-LL		20K14 25K14 22K1M4	

# (3) 100 V class

Sonyo amplifior	Servo	motor
Servo amplifier	HG-KR	HG-MR
MR-J4-10B1-LL	053	053
	13	13
MR-J4-20B1-LL	23	23
MR-J4-40B1-LL	43	43

#### 1.5 Combinations of converter units, drive units and servo motors

#### (1) 200 V class

		Servo motor		
Converter unit	Drive unit	HG-JR		
		1000 r/min series	1500 r/min series	
MR-CR55K	MR-J4-DU30KB-LL	30K1	30K1M	
WK-CK55K	MR-J4-DU37KB-LL	37K1	37K1M	

## (2) 400 V class

		Servo motor		
Converter unit	Drive unit	HG-JR		
		1000 r/min series	1500 r/min series	
MR-CR55K4	MR-J4-DU30KB4-LL	30K14	30K1M4	
	MR-J4-DU37KB4-LL	37K14	37K1M4	
	MR-J4-DU45KB4-LL		45K1M4	
	MR-J4-DU55KB4-LL		55K1M4	

#### 1.6 Function list

The following table lists the functions of this servo. For details of the functions, refer to each section indicated in the detailed explanation field.

"MR-J4-\_B\_" means "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

"MR-J4-\_DU\_" means "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual".

Function	Description	Detailed explanation
Model adaptive control	This function achieves a high response and stable control following the ideal model. The two-degrees-of-freedom model adaptive control enables you to set a response to the command and a response to the disturbance separately.  This function can also be disabled. To disable this function, refer to section 7.5 of "MR-J4B_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual". This is available with servo amplifiers with software version B4 or later. Check the software version with MR Configurator2.  The model adaptive control is not used in the pressure control mode.	
Position control mode	This servo amplifier is used as a position control servo.	
Speed control mode	This servo amplifier is used as a speed control servo.	
Torque control mode	This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU) BLL servo amplifier.	
Pressure control mode	This servo amplifier is used as a pressure control servo.  Use a pressure control compatible controller.	
High-resolution encoder	High-resolution encoder of 4194304 pulses/rev is used for the encoder of the rotary servo motor compatible with the MELSERVO-J4 series.	
Absolute position detection system	Setting a home position once makes home position return unnecessary at every power-on.	MR-J4B_ Chapter 12
Gain switching function	You can switch gains during rotation/stop, and can use input devices to switch gains during operation.	MR-J4B_ Section 7.2
Advanced vibration suppression control II	This function suppresses vibration and residual vibration at an arm end.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode. When using the pressure control mode, do not set the vibration suppression control tuning mode to automatic setting with [Pr. PB02].	MR-J4B_ Section 7.1.5
Machine resonance suppression filter	This filter function (notch filter) decreases the gain of the specific frequency to suppress the resonance of the mechanical system.	MR-J4B_ Section 7.1.1
Shaft resonance suppression filter	When a load is mounted to the servo motor shaft, resonance by shaft torsion during driving may generate a mechanical vibration at high frequency. The shaft resonance suppression filter suppresses the vibration.	MR-J4B_ Section 7.1.3
Adaptive filter II	The servo amplifier detects mechanical resonance and sets filter characteristics automatically to suppress mechanical vibration.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode. When using the pressure control mode, do not set the filter tuning mode selection to automatic setting with [Pr. PB01].	MR-J4B_ Section 7.1.2
Low-pass filter	Suppresses high-frequency resonance which occurs as the servo system response is increased.	MR-J4B_ Section 7.1.4
Machine analyzer function	Analyzes the frequency characteristic of the mechanical system by simply connecting an MR Configurator2 installed personal computer and the servo amplifier.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.	
Robust filter	Improves a disturbance response when a response performance cannot be increased because of a large load to motor inertia ratio, such as a roll feed axis.	[Pr. PE41]
Slight vibration suppression control	Suppresses vibration of ±1 pulse generated at a servo motor stop.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.	[Pr. PB24]
Auto tuning	Automatically adjusts the gain to optimum value if load applied to the servo motor shaft varies.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.	MR-J4B_ Section 6.3
Brake unit	Used when the regenerative option cannot provide enough regenerative power.	MR-J4B_ Section 11.3 MR-J4DU_ Section 9.10
Power regeneration converter	Used when the regenerative option cannot provide enough regenerative power.	MR-J4B_ Section 11.4

Use a regenerative option when the built-in regenerative resistor of the servo amplifier does not have sufficient regenerative capacity for a large regenerative power generated.	Function	Description	Detailed explanation
Use a regenerative option when the built-in regenerative resistor of the servo amplified cose not have sufficient regenerative capacity for a large regenerative power generated.  Alarm history clear  Clears alarm histories.  The output devices including ALM (Maffunction) and DB (Dynamic brake interlock) can be assigned to certain pins of the CN3 connector.  The output devices including ALM (Maffunction) and DB (Dynamic brake interlock) can be assigned to certain pins of the CN3 connector.  Turns on/off the output signals forcibly independently of the servo status.  Use this function for checking output signal wring, etc.  Trus onlot for boutput signals forcibly independently of the servo status.  Use this function for checking output signal wring, etc.  Trus onlot for boutput signal sorticity independently of the servo status.  Section 4.5.  Analog monitor output  Output servo status with voltage in real time.  Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Per PC09]  Pr. PC09]  Pr. PC09]  Pr. PC10]  MR Configurator2  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_B_LL servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_B_L servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_B_L servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_B_L servo amplifier.  MR-J4_B_Section 6.1 Refer to section 5 in servo in the pressure control mode.  SEMI-F47 function (Note)  SEMI-F47 function (Note)  SEMI-F47 function (Note)  SEMI-F47 function in the pressure control mode.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  SEMI-F47 function in the pressure control mode.  This function control tragering [AL. 104-(DU)_B_LL servo amplifier.  The substantaneous power failure occurs during operation. Use a 3-phase for the input power supply of the serve amplifier.  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation. Use a 3-phase for the input power supply will not comply with SEMI-F47 standard.  Th			-
does not have sufficient regenerative capacity for a large regenerative power generated.  Alarm history clear  Clears alarm histories.  The output devices including ALM (Malfunction) and DB (Dynamic brake interlock) can personal concept of the CN3 connector.  If Pr. PC21]  The output devices including ALM (Malfunction) and DB (Dynamic brake interlock) can personal concept of the CN3 connector.  The output devices including ALM (Malfunction) and DB (Dynamic brake interlock) can personal control in the CN3 connector.  Turns on/off the output signals forcibly independently of the servo status.  Jog operation, positioning operation, motor-less operation. DO forced output, and program operation can be used. MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  Analog monitor output  Outputs servo status with voltage in real time.  Wising a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others.  Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Using a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others.  Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Using a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others.  Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  This is not available with the MR-14-(DU) BLL servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-14-(DU) BLL servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-14-(DU) BLL servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-14-(DU) BLL servo amplifier.  This cannot be used in the pressure output on the condition that an alarm occurs.  This cannot be used in the pressure output on the condition that an alarm occurs.  The complete for the input power supply will not comply with SEMI-F47 standard.  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occurs.  The tough drive function includes two			
Alam history clear Clears alam histories. Output signal selection (device settings) The output devices including ALM (Maffunction) and DB (Dynamic brake interlock) can be assigned to certain prins of the CN3 connector.  True should be assigned to certain prins of the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occus during operation.  True should be assigned to the pressure control mode.  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alam occus.  True to true true true true to use of the pressure control mode.  True to the principle of the input power supply will not comply with SE	Regenerative option		MR-J4- DU
Aarm history clear Output signal selection (device settings) The output devices including ALM (Malfunction) and DB (Dynamic brake interlock) can perform (device settings) be assigned to certain pins of the CN3 connector.  Output signal (DO) forced output Turns on/off the output signals forcibly independently of the servo status. Use this function for checking output signal wring, etc. Use this function for checking output signal wring, etc. Use this function for checking output signal wring, etc. Use this function for checking output signal wring, etc. Use this function for checking output signal wring, etc. Use this function for checking output signal wring, etc. Use this function for checking output signal wring, etc. Output servo status with voltage in real time.  Pr. PC09, [Pr. PC09, [Pr. PC10]  MR Configurator2  Using a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others. Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Using a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others. Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Using a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others. Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Using a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others. Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU), BLL servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU), BLL servo amplifier.  Gain adjustment is performed just by one click on MR Configurator2.  Beables to avoid triggering [AL. 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation. Use a 3-phase for the input power supply of the servo amplifier.  This function makes the equipmen		generated.	
The output devices including ALM (Matfunction) and DB (Dynamic brake interlock) can be assigned to certain pins of the CN3 connector.    The output signal (DO) forced output as a season of the CN3 connector.   Pr. PD08   Pr. PD09	Alarm history clear	Clears alarm histories	
Gevice settings  be assigned to certain pins of the CN3 connector.     Pr. PD08    NR.44_B_   Section 4.5   Use this function for checking output signals forcibly independently of the servo status.     Pr. PD08    NR.44_B_   Section 4.5   (1) (of )			
Output signal (DO) forced output  Turns on/off the output signals forcibly independently of the servo status.  Use this function for checking output signals wiring, etc.  Jog operation, positioning operation, motor-less operation, DO forced output, and program operation can be used. MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function. Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Analog monitor output  Outputs servo status with voltage in real time.  Using a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others. Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Linear servo system  This is not available with the MR-14-(DU), BtL servo amplifier.  Direct drive servo system  This is not available with the MR-14-(DU), BtL servo amplifier.  Fully closed loop system  This is not available with the MR-14-(DU), BtL servo amplifier.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  MR-14-BSection 6.2  Gain adjustment is performed just by one click on MR Configurator2.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  Enables to avoid triggering [AL 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  SEMI-F47 function (Note)  Enables to avoid triggering [AL 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  Va 2-BSection 6.2  Fine function in makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occurs.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive.  The vibration tough drive cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  This function continuously monitor the servo status and records the status transition before and after an alarm for a fixed period of time. You can check the recorded dat	. •		
Output Signal (DC) incest of the servo satus.  Use this function for checking output signals witchly independently of the servo satus.  Use this function for checking output signal witching, etc.  (1) (d)  Jog operation, positioning operation, motor-less operation, DO forced output, and program operation can be used. MR Configurator2 in the pressure control mode.  Pr. PC091, [Pr. PC091, [Pr. PC19]]  MR Configurator2  Using a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others.  Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Linear servo system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU) BLL servo amplifier.  Direct drive servo system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU) BLL servo amplifier.  Fully closed loop system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU) BLL servo amplifier.  Fully closed loop system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU) BLL servo amplifier.  Gain adjustment is performed just by one click on MR Configurator2.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  SEMI-F47 function (Note)  SEMI-F47 function (Note)  SEMI-F47 function (Note)  WA C200 V AC for the input power supply of the servo amplifier use a 3-phase for the input power supply of the servo amplifier.  The tough drive function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occur.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  Use a 3-phase for the input power supply of the servo amplifier.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  Use a 3-phase for the input power supply of the servo amplifier.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive.  The tough drive function of the controller for any any and the	(device cettings)	be designed to contain pine of the one confidence.	-
Use this function for onexing output signal wring, etc.  (1) (a) go operation, positioning operation, motor-less operation. DO forced output, and program operation can be used. MR Configurator? Is necessary for this function. Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Pr. PC09, Pr. PC10  WR Configurator2  Wing a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others. Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Linear servo system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU), BLL servo amplifier.  Fully closed loop system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU), BLL servo amplifier.  Fully closed loop system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU), BLL servo amplifier.  Gain adjustment is performed just by one click on MR Configurator2.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  Enables to avoid triggering [AL. 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  VA CO200 V AC for the input power supply will not comply with SEMI-F47 standard.  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occurs.  Tough drive function  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive.  The vibration tough drive cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  This function continuously monitors the serve status and records the status transition before and after an alarm for a fixed period of time. You can check the recorded data by cicking "Display" under the Waveform column on the drive recorder window on MR Configurator2.  2. You are using the machine analyzer function.  3. [Pr. P21] is set to "1".  4. The controller is not connect			
Test operation mode program operation, positioning operation, motor-less operation. Do forced output, and program operation can be used. MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function. Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Analog monitor output  Outputs servo status with voltage in real time.  P(Pr. P.C09), Pr. P.C09), Pr. P.C010, Pr	output	Use this function for checking output signal wiring, etc.	
rest operation mode program operation can be used. MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function. Section 4.5  Analog monitor output  Outputs servo status with voltage in real time.  Using a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others. Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Linear servo system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU), BLL servo amplifier.  Direct drive servo system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU), BLL servo amplifier.  Fully closed loop system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU), BLL servo amplifier.  MR Configurator2 is not available with the MR-J4-(DU), BLL servo amplifier.  Gain adjustment is performed just by one click on MR Configurator2.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  Enables to avoid triggering [AL. 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  SEMI-F47 function (Note)  Enables to avoid triggering [AL. 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  SEMI-F47 function (Note)  Enables to avoid triggering [AL. 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  SEMI-F47 function (Note)  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occurs.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive.  The vibration tough drive cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  This function continuously monitors the servo attaits and records the status transition before and after an alarm for a fixed period of time. You can check the recorded data by clicking "Display" under the Waveform column on the drive recorder window on MR Con		log operation, positioning operation, motor-less operation, DO forced output, and	( · ) ( • )
Analog monitor output  Outputs servo status with voltage in real time.  Pr. PC09]  MR Configurator2  Using a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others. Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Linear servo system  Direct drive servo system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  Fully closed loop system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  Gain adjustment is performed just by one click on MR Configurator2.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  Enables to avoid triggering (AL. 10 Undervoltage) using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  Use a 3-phase for the input power supply will not comply with SEMI-F47 standard.  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occurs.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure bug frive.  This function continuously monitors the servo status and records the status transition before and after an alarm for a fixed period of time. You can check the recorded data by clicking "Display" under the Waveform column on the drive recorder window on MR Configurator2.  However, the drive recorder is not available when:  1. You are using the graph function of MR Configurator2.  2. You are using the graph function of MR Configurator2.  2. You are using the graph function of MR Configurator2.  2. You are using the machine analyzer function.  3. [Pr. PF21] is set to "-1".  4. The controller is not connected (except the test operation mode).  5. An alarm related to the controller is occurring.  This function calculates the power unmile and the number of on/off times of the inrush relay. This function gives an indication of the replac	Test operation mode		
Analog monitor output  Outputs servo status with voltage in real time.    Pr. PC09    Pr. PC10    Pr. PC20    Pr.			Section 4.5
Using a personal computer, you can perform the parameter setting, test operation, monitoring, and others. Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.  Linear servo system This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  Fully closed loop system This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  Fully closed loop system This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  Gain adjustment is performed just by one click on MR Configurator2.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function. This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  Enables to avoid triggening [AL_ 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  SEMI-F47 function (Note)  SEMI-F47 function (Note)  Enables to avoid triggening [AL_ 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  Use a 3-phase for the input power supply of the servo amplifier. Using a 1-phase 100 VAC/200 VAC for the input power supply will not comply with SEMI-F47 standard.  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occurs.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive.  This function tough drive cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  This function tough drive cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  This function tough drive mount on the drive recorder window on MR Configurator2.  1. You are using the graph function of MR Configurator2.  2. You are using the machine analyzer function.  3. [Pr. PF21] is set to "-1".  4. The controller is not connected (except the test operation mode).  5. An alarm related to the controller is occurring.  Servo amplifier life diagnosis function  This function is a functional safety that complies with IEC/EN 61800-5-2. You can create a safety system for	Analog monitor output	• ,	-
MR Configurator2  Imministry of the pressure control mode.  Linear servo system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  Fully closed loop system  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  Gain adjustment is performed just by one click on MR Configurator2.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  Enables to avoid triggering [AL_ 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation. Use a 3-phase for the input power supply of the servo amplifier. Using a 1-phase 100 V AC/200 V AC for the input power supply of the servo amplifier. Using a 1-phase 100 V AC/200 V AC for the input power supply will not comply with SEMI-F47 standard.  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occurs.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive.  The vibration tough drive cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  This function continuously monitors the servo status and records the status transition before and after an alarm for a fixed period of time. You can check the recorded data by clicking "Display" under the Waveform column on the drive recorder window on MR Configurator2.  However, the drive recorder is not available when:  You are using the graph function of MR Configurator2.  You are using the graph function of MR Configurator2.  You are using the machine analyzer function.  If it is function is a functional safety that complies with IEC/EN 61800-5-2. You can create a safety system for the equipment easily.  You can check the cumulative energization time and the number of on/off times of the servo amplifier incl			[Pr. PC10]
Refer to section 6.1 for restrictions when using in the pressure control mode.	MR Configurator2		Section 6.1
Linear servo system Direct drive servo system This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  Gain adjustment is performed just by one click on MR Configurator2.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  Enables to avoid triggering (AL. 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  Use a 3-phase for the input power supply of the servo amplifier. Using a 1-phase 100 V AC/200 V AC for the input power supply of the servo amplifier using a 1-phase 100 V AC/200 V AC for the input power supply will not comply with SEMI-F47 standard.  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occurs.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive.  The vibration tough drive cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  This function continuously monitors the servo status and records the status transition before and after an alarm for a fixed period of time. You can check the recorded data by clicking "Display" under the Waveform column on the drive recorder window on MR Configurator2.  Power recorder function  This function is a functional safety that complies with IEC/EN 61800-5-2. You can create a safety system for the equipment easily.  You can check the cumulative energization time and the number of on/off times of the inrush relay. This function gives an indication of the replacement time for parts of the servo amplifier is not calculates the power running energy and the regenerative power from the data in the servo amplifier such as speed and current. Power consumption and others are displayed on MR Configurator2. In the SSCNET III/H system, the	t 30ga.a.a.		
This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.	Linear servo system		
This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  Gain adjustment is performed just by one click on MR Configurator2.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  Enables to avoid triggering [AL. 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.  Use a 3-phase for the input power supply of the servo amplifier. Using a 1-phase 100 V AC/200 V AC for the input power supply will not comply with SEMI-F47 standard.  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occurs.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive.  The vibration tough drive cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  This function continuously monitors the servo status and records the status transition before and after an alarm for a fixed period of time. You can check the recorded data by clicking "Display" under the Waveform column on the drive recorder window on MR Configurator2.  However, the drive recorder is not available when:  1. You are using the machine analyzer function.  3. [Pr. PF21] is set to "-1".  4. The controller is not connected (except the test operation mode).  5. An alarm related to the controller is occurring.  This function is a functional safety that complies with IEC/EN 61800-5-2. You can create a safety system for the equipment easily.  You can check the cumulative energization time and the number of on/off times of the inrush relay. This function gives an indication of the replacement time for parts of the servo amplifier including a capacitor and a relay before they malfunction.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  This function calculates the power running energy and the regenerative power from the data in the servo amplifier such as speed and current. Power consumption and others are displayed on MR Configurator2. In the SSCNE			
One-touch tuning  Gain adjustment is performed just by one click on MR Configurator2.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  Enables to avoid triggering [AL. 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation. Use a 3-phase for the input power supply of the servo amplifier. Using a 1-phase 100 V AC/200 V AC for the input power supply will not comply with SEMI-F47 standard.  Tough drive function  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occurs.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive.  The vibration tough drive cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  This function continuously monitors the servos status and records the status transition before and after an alarm for a fixed period of time. You can check the recorded data by clicking "Display" under the Waveform column on the drive recorder window on MR Configurator2.  However, the drive recorder is not available when:  1. You are using the machine analyzer function.  3. [Pr. PF21] is set to "-1".  4. The controller is not connected (except the test operation mode).  5. An alarm related to the controller is occurring.  This function is a functional safety that complies with IEC/EN 61800-5-2. You can create a safety system for the equipment easily.  You can check the cumulative energization time and the number of on/off times of the inrush relay. This function gives an indication of the replacement time for parts of the servo amplifier including a capacitor and a relay before they malfunction.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  Power monitoring function  Power monitoring function  This function calculates the power running energy and the regenerative power from the data in the servo amplifier such as speed and current. Power consumption and others are displayed on MR			
One-touch tuning  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function. This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  Enables to avoid triggering [AL. 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation. Use a 3-phase for the input power supply of the servo amplifier. Using a 1-phase 100 V AC/200 V AC for the input power supply of the servo amplifier. Using a 1-phase 100 V AC/200 V AC for the input power supply will not comply with SEMI-F47 standard.  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occurs. The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive. The vibration tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive. The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive. The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive. The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive. The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive. The tough drive function includes the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive. The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive. The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous during a large triple from the drive recorder death and alarm or a fixed period of time. You can check the recorder death and alarm or a fixed period of time. You can check the cumulative energization time and the number of on/off times of the intrush relay. This function size the power running energy and the regenerative power from the data in the s	I ully closed loop system		
This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  Enables to avoid triggering [AL. 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation. Use a 3-phase for the input power supply of the servo amplifier. Using a 1-phase 100 V AC/200 V AC for the input power supply of the servo amplifier. Using a 1-phase 100 V AC/200 V AC for the input power supply of the servo amplifier. Using a 1-phase 100 V AC/200 V AC for the input power supply will not comply with SEMI-F47 standard.  This function makes the equipment continue operating even under the condition that an alarm occurs.  The tough drive function includes two types: the vibration tough drive and the instantaneous power failure tough drive.  The vibration tough drive cannot be used in the pressure control mode.  This function continuously monitors the servo status and records the status transition before and after an alarm for a fixed period of time. You can check the recorded data by clicking "Display" under the Waveform column on the drive recorder window on MR Configurator2.  However, the drive recorder is not available when:  1. You are using the graph function of MR Configurator2.  2. You are using the machine analyzer function.  3. [Pr. PF21] is set to "-1".  4. The controller is not connected (except the test operation mode).  5. An alarm related to the controller is occurring.  Servo amplifier life diagnosis function  This function is a functional safety that complies with IEC/EN 61800-5-2. You can create a safety system for the equipment easily.  You can check the cumulative energization time and the number of on/off times of the inrush relay. This function gives an indication of the replacement time for parts of the servo amplifier including a capacitor and a relay before they malfunction.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.  This function calculates the power running energy and the regenerative power from th	One touch tuning	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	MR-J4B_
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on a display.  From the data in the servo amplifier, this function estimates the friction and vibrational	Power monitoring function		
From the data in the servo amplifier, this function estimates the friction and vibrational			
component of the drive system in the equipment and recognizes an error in the			
Machine diagnosis function machine parts, including a ball screw and bearing.	Machine diagnosis function		
MR Configurator2 is necessary for this function.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.			

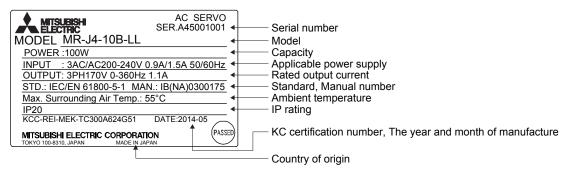
Function	Description	Detailed explanation
Master-slave operation function	This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.	
Scale measurement function	This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.	
J3 compatibility mode	This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.  Do not change the mode by using the application software "MR-J4(W)-B mode selection". An error appears when the mode is changed to other than the J4 mode (standard control (rotary servo motor)).	
Continuous operation to torque control mode	This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.	
Lost motion compensation function	This function improves the response delay occurred when the machine moving direction is reversed.  This is available with servo amplifiers with software version B4 or later. Check the software version with MR Configurator2.  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.	MR-J4B_ Section 7.6
Super trace control	This is not available with the MR-J4-(DU)_BLL servo amplifier.	

Note. For servo system controllers which are available with this, contact your local sales office.

#### 1.7 Model designation

#### (1) Rating plate

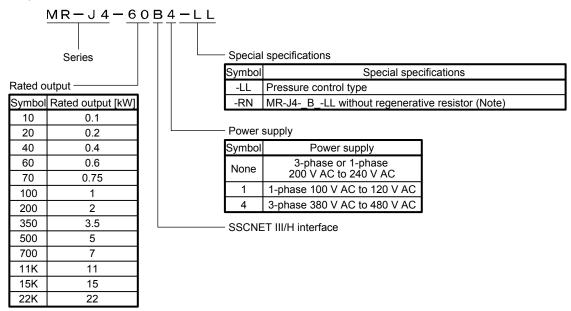
The following shows an example of rating plate for explanation of each item.



#### (2) Model

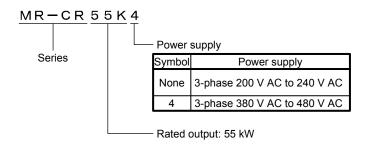
The following describes what each block of a model name indicates. Not all combinations of the symbols are available.

#### (a) Servo amplifier

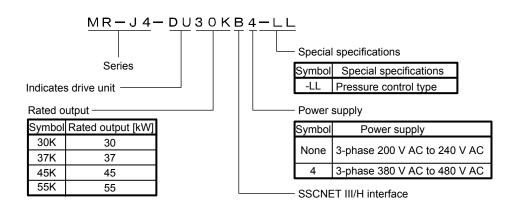


Note. Indicates a servo amplifier of 11 kW to 22 kW that does not use a regenerative resistor as standard accessory. When using any of these servo amplifiers, always use the MR-RB5R, MR-RB9F, MR-RB9T, MR-RB5K-4, or MR-RB6K-4 regenerative option.

(b) Converter unit



(c) Drive unit

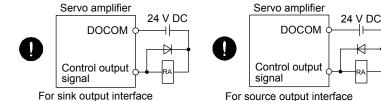


#### 2. SIGNALS AND WIRING

- ●Any person who is involved in wiring should be fully competent to do the work.
- ●Before wiring, turn off the power and wait for 15 minutes or more (20 minutes or more for converter unit) until the charge lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between P+ and N- (between L+ and L- for converter unit) is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition, when confirming whether the charge lamp is off or not, be sure to look at the lamp from the front of the servo amplifier.

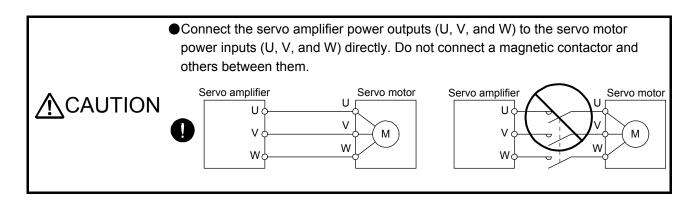


- WARNING Ground the servo amplifier and servo motor securely.
  - Do not attempt to wire the servo amplifier and servo motor until they have been installed. Otherwise, it may cause an electric shock.
  - ●The cables should not be damaged, stressed, loaded, or pinched. Otherwise, it may cause an electric shock.
  - To avoid an electric shock, insulate the connections of the power supply terminals.
  - ■Wire the equipment correctly and securely. Otherwise, the servo motor may operate unexpectedly, resulting in injury.
  - Connect cables to the correct terminals. Otherwise, a burst, damage, etc. may occur.
  - ●Ensure that polarity (+/-) is correct. Otherwise, a burst, damage, etc. may occur.
  - The surge absorbing diode installed to the DC relay for control output should be fitted in the specified direction. Otherwise, the emergency stop and other protective circuits may not operate.





- •Use a noise filter, etc. to minimize the influence of electromagnetic interference. Electromagnetic interference may affect the electronic equipment used near the servo amplifier.
- ●Do not install a power capacitor, surge killer or radio noise filter (optional FR-BIF(-H)) with the power line of the servo motor.
- ●When using a regenerative resistor, shut the power off with the alarm signal. Otherwise, a transistor fault or the like may overheat the regenerative resistor, causing a fire.
- Do not modify the equipment.
- Connecting a servo motor of the wrong axis to U, V, W, or CN2 of the servo amplifier may cause a malfunction.



The following items are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_. Refer to the section of the detailed explanation field for details.

"MR-J4-\_B\_" means "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

"MR-J4-\_DU\_" means "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

Item	Detailed explanation
Explanation of power supply system	MR-J4B_ section 3.3 MR-J4DU_ section 3.2
Forced stop deceleration function	MR-J4B_ section 3.6
Alarm occurrence timing chart	MR-J4B_ section 3.7 MR-J4DU_ section 3.5
SSCNET III cable connection	MR-J4B_ section 3.9
Servo motor with an electromagnetic brake	MR-J4B_ section 3.10
Grounding	MR-J4B_ section 3.11 MR-J4DU_ section 3.7

#### 2.1 Input power supply circuit



●ALM (Malfunction) is not assigned by default. Create a circuit that shuts off the main circuit by being interlocked with an alarm detected by the controller.

#### **POINT**

- ●When assigning ALM (Malfunction) to the CN3-9 pin, set [Pr. PD08] to "0003".
- ■Items not mentioned in this section are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier. Refer to section 3.1 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" and "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual".

Configure the wiring so that the main circuit power supply is shut off and the servo-on command is turned off after deceleration to a stop due to an alarm occurrence, an enabled servo forced stop, or an enabled controller forced stop. A molded-case circuit breaker (MCCB) must be used with the input cables of the main circuit power supply.

ALM (Malfunction) is not assigned by default. Create a circuit that shuts off the main circuit by being interlocked with an alarm detected by the controller. When assigning ALM (Malfunction) to the CN3-9 pin, set [Pr. PD08] to "0003".

#### 2.2 I/O signal connection example

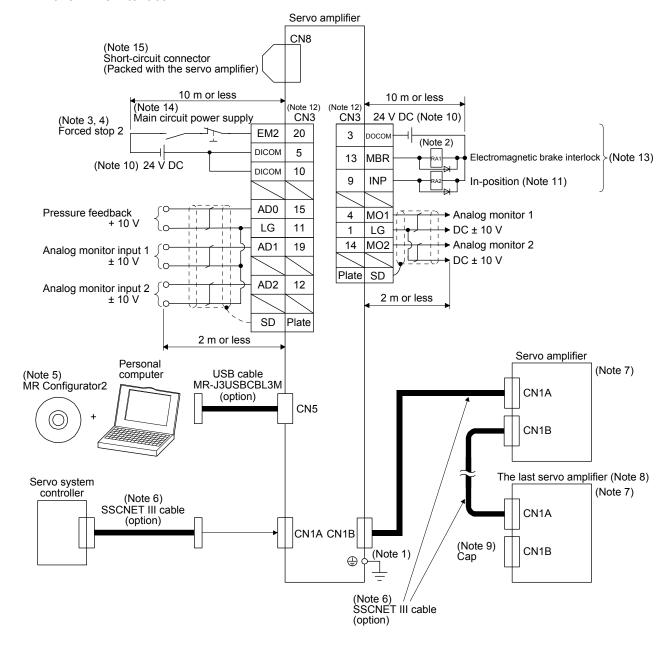
**^**CAUTION

● ALM (Malfunction) is not assigned by default. Create a circuit that shuts off the main circuit by being interlocked with an alarm detected by the controller.

#### **POINT**

- ■When assigning ALM (Malfunction) to the CN3-9 pin, set [Pr. PD08] to "0003".
- ●In the pressure control mode, EM2 functions the same as EM1.

#### 2.2.1 For sink I/O interface



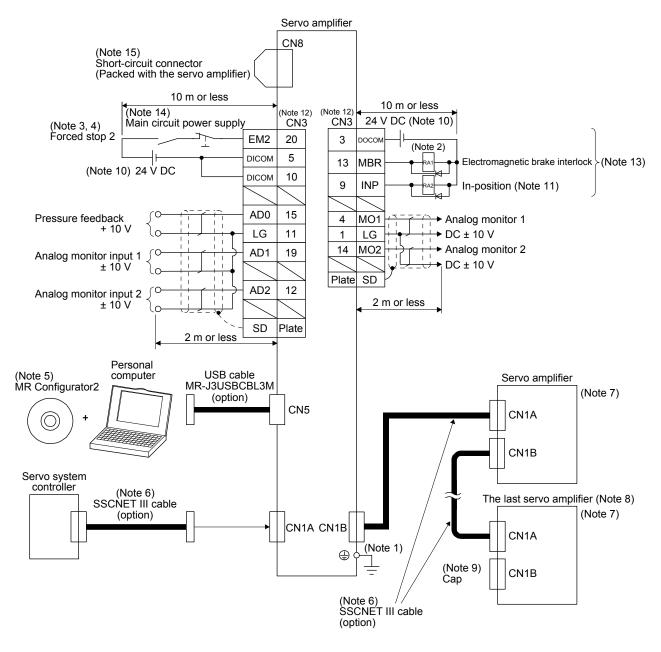
- Note 1. To prevent an electric shock, always connect the protective earth (PE) terminal (marked 🚭) of the servo amplifier to the protective earth (PE) of the cabinet.
  - 2. Connect the diode in the correct direction. If it is connected reversely, the servo amplifier will malfunction and will not output signals, disabling EM2 (Forced stop 2) and other protective circuits.
  - 3. If the controller does not have forced stop function, always install the forced stop 2 switch (normally closed contact).
  - 4. When starting operation, always turn on EM2 (Forced stop 2). (Normally closed contact)
  - 5. Use SW1DNC MRC2-\_. (Refer to section 6.1.)
  - 6. Use SSCNET III cables listed in the following table.

Cable	Cable model	Cable length
Standard cord inside cabinet	MR-J3BUS_M	0.15 m to 3 m
Standard cable outside cabinet	MR-J3BUS_M-A	5 m to 20 m
Long-distance cable	MR-J3BUS_M-B	30 m to 50 m

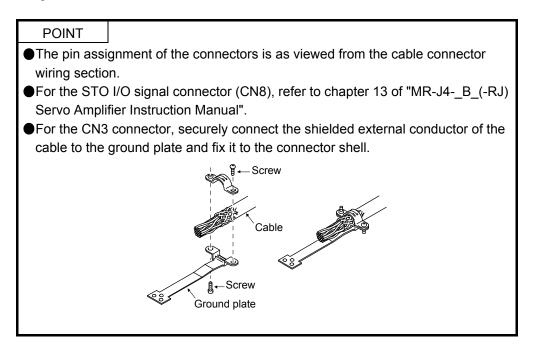
- 7. The wiring after the second servo amplifier is omitted.
- 8. Up to 64 axes of servo amplifiers can be connected. The number of connectable axes depends on the controller you use. Refer to section 4.3.1 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" for setting of axis selection.
- 9. Make sure to cap the unused CN1B connector.
- 10. Supply 24 V DC ± 10% to interfaces from outside. The total current capacity of these power supplies must be 300 mA or lower. 300 mA is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points. Refer to section 3.8.2 (1) of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" that gives the current value necessary for the interface. The illustration of the 24 V DC power supply is divided between input signal and output signal for convenience. However, they can be configured by one.
- 11. ALM (Malfunction) is not assigned by default. Create a circuit that shuts off the main circuit by being interlocked with an alarm detected by the controller. When assigning ALM (Malfunction) to the CN3-9 pin, set [Pr. PD08] to "0003". ALM (Malfunction) turns on in normal alarm-free condition. (Normally closed contact)
- 12. The pins with the same signal name are connected in the servo amplifier.
- 13. You can change devices of these pins with [Pr. PD07] and [Pr. PD08].
- 14. Configure a circuit to turn off EM2 when the main circuit power is turned off to prevent an unexpected restart of the servo amplifier.
- 15. When not using the STO function, attach the short-circuit connector came with a servo amplifier.

#### 2.2.2 For source I/O interface

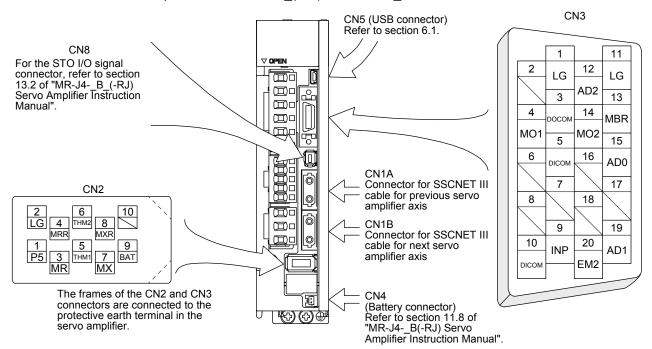




## 2.3 Connectors and pin assignment



The servo amplifier front view shown is that of the MR-J4-20B-LL or less. For external appearance and connector arrangements of other servo amplifiers, refer to chapter 9 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" and chapter 7 of "MR-J4-DU (-RJ)/MR-CR55K Instruction Manual".



## 2.4 Signal (device) explanations

For the I/O interfaces (symbols in I/O division column in the table), refer to section 2.5.2. The pin Nos. in the connector pin No. column are assigned by default.

## 2.4.1 Input device

POINT

●In the pressure control mode, EM2 functions the same as EM1.

Device	Symbol	Connector pin No.			Function and application	1	I/O division		
			with commar Turn EM2 or state. Set [Pr. PA0	nds. n (short betw 4] to "2 1	veen commons) in the force " to disable EM2. setting of [Pr. PA04].	te the servo motor to a stop d stop state to reset that			
			setting	EM2/EM1	EM2 or EM1 is off	Alarm occurred			
			00	EM1	MBR (Electromagnetic brake interlock) turns off without the forced stop deceleration.	MBR (Electromagnetic brake interlock) turns off without the forced stop deceleration.			
Forced stop 2	2 EM2 CN	2 CN3-20	20	EM2	MBR (Electromagnetic brake interlock) turns off after the forced stop deceleration.	MBR (Electromagnetic brake interlock) turns off after the forced stop deceleration.	DI-1		
			01	Not using EM2 or EM1		MBR (Electromagnetic brake interlock) turns off without the forced stop deceleration.			
				21	21	Not using EM2 or EM1		MBR (Electromagnetic brake interlock) turns off after the forced stop deceleration.	
			EM2 and EM1 are mutually exclusive. In the pressure control mode, EM2 functions the same as EM1, and thus the forced stop deceleration is not executed.						
Forced stop 1	EM1	(CN3-20)	When EM1 is and the dyna The forced s	s turned off amic brake o top will be re	r. PA04] to "0 0" to enat (open between commons), operates to decelerate the s eset when EM1 is turned or _" to disable EM1.	the base circuit shuts off,	DI-1		

## 2.4.2 Output device

# (1) Output device pin

The following shows the output device pins and parameters for assigning devices.

Connector pin No.	Parameter	Initial device	I/O division		
CN3-13	[Pr. PD07]	MBR	DO-1		
CN3-9	[Pr. PD08]	INP	DO-1		

# (2) Output device explanations

Device	Symbol	Function and application
Electromagnetic brake interlock	MBR	When using the device, set operation delay time of the electromagnetic brake in [Pr. PC02]. When a servo-off status or alarm occurs, MBR will turn off.
Malfunction	ALM	When using the signal, enable it by setting [Pr. PD07] and [Pr. PD08].  When the protective circuit is activated to shut off the base circuit, ALM will turn off.  When an alarm does not occur, ALM will turn on in 2.5 s to 3.5 s after power-on.
In-position	INP	When the number of droop pulses is in the in-position range, INP will turn on. The in-position range can be changed with [Pr. PA10]. When the in-position range is increased, INP may be always on during low-speed rotation.  The device cannot be used in the speed control mode and the pressure control mode.
Dynamic brake interlock	DB	When using the signal, enable it by setting [Pr. PD07] and [Pr. PD08].  When the dynamic brake needs to operate, DB will turn off. When using the external dynamic brake with the servo amplifier of 11 kW or more, this device is required. (Refer to section 11.17 of "MR-J4B_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" and section 9.3 of "MR-J4-DU_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K_ Instruction Manual".)  For the servo amplifier of 7 kW or less, it is not necessary to use this device.  The external dynamic brake cannot be used with 11 kW or more servo amplifier for compliance with SEMI-F47 standard. Do not assign DB (Dynamic brake interlock) in [Pr. PD07] to [Pr. PD08].  Doing so will cause the servo amplifier to become servo-off when an instantaneous power failure occurs.
Ready	RD	When using the signal, enable it by setting [Pr. PD07] and [Pr. PD08].  When the servo-on is enabled and the servo amplifier is ready to operate, RD will turn on.
Speed reached	SA	When using the signal, enable it by setting [Pr. PD07] and [Pr. PD08].  SA will turn off during servo-off. When the servo motor speed reaches the following range, SA will turn on.  Set speed ± ((Set speed × 0.05) + 20) r/min  When the preset speed is 20 r/min or less, SA always turns on.  The device cannot be used in the position control mode and the pressure control mode.

Device	Symbol	Function and application					
Device Zero speed detection	ZSP	Function and application  ZSP turns on when the servo motor speed is zero speed or less. Zero speed can be changed with [Pr. PC07].  Forward rotation direction  OFF level 70 r/min ON level 50 r/min Servo motor speed  OFF level 70 r/min ON level 50 r/min [Pr. PC07]					
		Reverse rotation direction OFF level -70 r/min OFF level -70 r/min OFF level detection)					
		ZSP will turn on when the servo motor is decelerated to 50 r/min (at 1)), and will turn off when the servo motor is accelerated to 70 r/min again (at 2)).  ZSP will turn on when the servo motor is decelerated again to 50 r/min (at 3)), and will turn off when the servo motor speed has reached -70 r/min (at 4)).  The range from the point when the servo motor speed has reached the on-level, and ZSP turns on, to the point when it is accelerated again and has reached the off-level is called hysteresis width. Hysteresis width is 20 r/min for this servo amplifier.					
Limiting torque	TLC	When the torque reaches the torque limit value during torque generation, TLC will turn on. When the servo is off, TLC will turn off.					
Warning	WNG	When a warning occurs, WNG will turn on. When a warning is not occurring, turning on the power will turn off WNG after 2.5 s to 3.5 s.					
Battery warning	BWNG	BWNG turns on when [AL. 92 Battery cable disconnection warning] or [AL. 9F Battery warning] has occurred. When the battery warning is not occurring, turning on the power will turn off BWNG after 2.5 s to 3.5 s.					
Variable gain selection	CDPS	CDPS will turn on during variable gain.					
Absolute position undetermined	ABSV	ABSV turns on when the absolute position is undetermined. This device cannot be used in the speed control mode.					
During tough drive	MTTR	When a tough drive is enabled in [Pr. PA20], activating the instantaneous power failure tough drive will turn on MTTR.					

# 2.4.3 Input signal

Signal name	Symbol	Connector pin No.	Function and application	I/O division
Pressure feedback			Analog input	
Analog monitor input 1	AD1	CN3-19	Input the analog input signal for monitoring.  Data is sent to the servo system controller and checked.  Apply 0 V DC to ±10 V DC between AD1 and LG. The monitor value set in [Pr. PT24] will be applied at +10 V.  Resolution: 16 bits/±11 V	Analog input
Analog monitor input 2	AD2	CN3-12	Input the analog input signal for monitoring.  Data is sent to the servo system controller and checked.  Apply 0 V DC to ±10 V DC between AD2 and LG. The monitor value set in [Pr. PT26] will be applied at +10 V.  Resolution: 16 bits/±11 V	Analog input

# 2.4.4 Output signal

Signal name	Symbol	Connector pin No.	Function and application	I/O division
Analog monitor 1	MO1	CN3-4	This signal outputs the data set in [Pr. PC09] to between MO1 and LG in terms of voltage.  Resolution: 10 bits or equivalent	Analog output
Analog monitor 2	MO2	CN3-14	This signal outputs the data set in [Pr. PC10] to between MO2 and LG in terms of voltage.  Resolution: 10 bits or equivalent	Analog output

# 2.4.5 Power supply

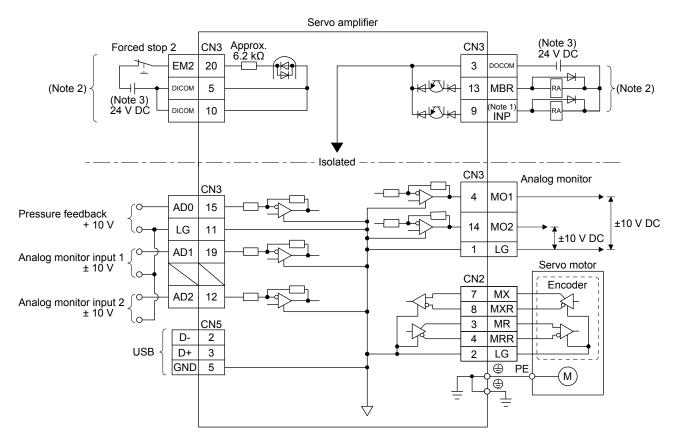
Signal name	Symbol	Connector pin No.	Function and application
Digital I/F power supply input	DICOM	CN3-5 CN3-10	Input 24 V DC (24 V DC ± 10% 300 mA) for I/O interface. The power supply capacity changes depending on the number of I/O interface points to be used.  For sink interface, connect + of the 24 V DC external power supply.  For source interface, connect - of the 24 V DC external power supply.
Digital I/F common	DOCOM	CN3-3	Common terminal of input signal such as EM2 of the servo amplifier. This is separated from LG.  For sink interface, connect - of the 24 V DC external power supply.  For source interface, connect + of the 24 V DC external power supply.
Monitor common	LG	CN3-1 CN3-11	Common terminal of AD0, AD1, AD2, MO1, and MO2. Pins are connected internally.
Shield	SD	Plate	Connect the external conductor of the shielded wire.

#### 2.5 Interfaces

## 2.5.1 Internal connection diagram

## POINT

● For the CN8 connector, refer to section 13.3.1 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".



Note 1. The signal cannot be used in the speed control mode and the pressure control mode.

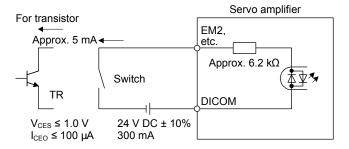
- 2. This diagram shows sink I/O interface. For source I/O interface, refer to section 2.5.3.
- 3. The illustration of the 24 V DC power supply is divided between input signal and output signal for convenience. However, they can be configured by one.

## 2.5.2 Detailed explanation of interfaces

This section provides the details of the I/O signal interfaces (refer to the I/O division in the table) given in section 2.4. Refer to this section and make connection with the external device.

## (1) Digital input interface DI-1

This is an input circuit whose photocoupler cathode side is input terminal. Transmit signals from sink (open-collector) type transistor output, relay switch, etc. The following is a connection diagram for sink input. Refer to section 2.5.3 for source input.



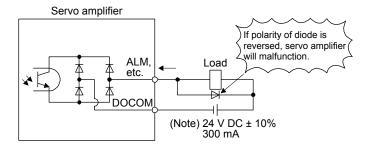
### (2) Digital output interface DO-1

This is a circuit in which the collector of the output transistor is the output terminal. When the output transistor is turned on, the current will flow to the collector terminal.

A lamp, relay, or photocoupler can be driven. Install a diode (D) for an inductive load, or install an inrush current suppressing resistor (R) for a lamp load.

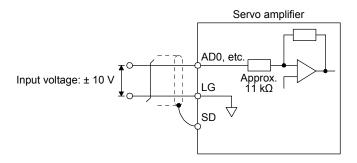
(Rated current: 40 mA or less, maximum current: 50 mA or less, inrush current: 100 mA or less) A maximum of 2.6 V voltage drop occurs in the servo amplifier.

The following shows a connection diagram for sink output. Refer to section 2.5.3 for source output.

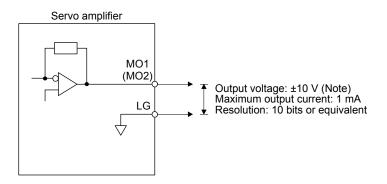


Note. If the voltage drop (maximum of 2.6 V) interferes with the relay operation, apply high voltage (maximum of 26.4 V) from external source.

## (3) Analog input



## (4) Analog output



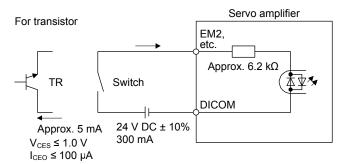
Note. Output voltage range varies depending on the output contents.

#### 2.5.3 Source I/O interfaces

In this servo amplifier, source type I/O interfaces can be used.

## (1) Digital input interface DI-1

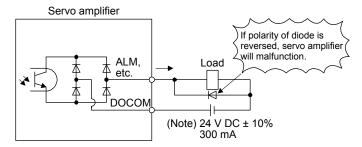
This is an input circuit in which the anode of the photocoupler is the input terminal. Transmit signals from source (open-collector) type transistor output, relay switch, etc.



### (2) Digital output interface DO-1

This is a circuit in which the emitter of the output transistor is the output terminal. When the output transistor is turned on, the current will flow from the output terminal to a load.

A maximum of 2.6 V voltage drop occurs in the servo amplifier.



Note. If the voltage drop (maximum of 2.6 V) interferes with the relay operation, apply high voltage (maximum of 26.4 V) from external source.

- ■Never make a drastic adjustment or change to the parameter values as doing so will make the operation unstable.
- ↑ CAUTION ●If fixed values are written in the digits of a parameter, do not change these values.
  - Do not change parameters for manufacturer setting.
  - ●Do not set any values other than the described setting values to each parameter.

#### **POINT**

- ■When you connect the servo amplifier to a servo system controller, servo parameter values of the servo system controller will be written to each parameter.
- Setting may not be made to some parameters and their ranges depending on the servo system controller model, servo amplifier software version, and MR Configurator2 software version. For details, refer to the servo system controller user's manual. Check the software version of the servo amplifier with MR Configurator2.

#### 3.1 Parameter list

#### **POINT**

- ●The parameter whose symbol is preceded by \* is enabled with the following conditions:
  - \*: After setting the parameter, cycle the power or reset the controller.
  - \*\*: After setting the parameter, cycle the power.
- For servo amplifier with software version B3 or later, the parameter initial values for the manufacturer setting are partially changed.

# 3.1.1 Basic setting parameters ([Pr. PA $\_$ ])

					Con	itrol m	
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit	Position	Speed	Pressure
PA01		For manufacturer setting	1000h		_ P	~	/
PA02	**REG	Regenerative option	0000h		$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$
PA03	*ABS	Absolute position detection system	0000h		0	0	0
PA04	*AOP1	Function selection A-1	2000h		0	0	0
PA05	\ \	For manufacturer setting	10000		\	\	$\overline{}$
PA06		1 of Manufacturer setting	1				$  \setminus  $
PA07			1			\	
PA08	ATU	Auto tuning mode	0001h		0	0	
PA09	RSP	Auto tuning response	16		0	0	
PA10	INP	In-position range	1600	[pulse]	0	<u> </u>	
PA11		For manufacturer setting	1000.0		\_		
PA12		· ·	1000.0				$  \setminus  $
PA13			0000h		\		
PA14	*POL	Rotation direction selection	0		0	0	0
PA15		For manufacturer setting	4000			$\setminus$	
PA16			1		\	\	$  \setminus  $
PA17			0000h			\	$  \  $
PA18			0000h			\	
PA19	*BLK	Parameter writing inhibit	00ABh		0	0	0
PA20	*TDS	Tough drive setting	0000h		0	0	
PA21	*AOP3	Function selection A-3	0001h		0	0	
PA22		For manufacturer setting	0000h				
PA23	DRAT	Drive recorder arbitrary alarm trigger setting	0000h		0	0	0
PA24	AOP4	Function selection A-4	0000h		0	0	
PA25	OTHOV	One-touch tuning - Overshoot permissible level	0	[%]	0	0	
PA26	*AOP5	Function selection A-5	0000h		0	0	0
PA27		For manufacturer setting	0000h		Λ	Λ	\
PA28			0000h				$  \setminus  $
PA29			0000h		\	\	$  \setminus  $
PA30			0000h		\	\	$  \  $
PA31	\		0000h		\	\	\
PA32			0000h		_ \	\	\

# 3.1.2 Gain/filter setting parameters ([Pr. PB\_ ])

					Cor	trol m	node
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit	Position	Speed	Pressure
PB01	FILT	Adaptive tuning mode (adaptive filter II)	0000h		0	0	
PB02	VRFT	Vibration suppression control tuning mode (advanced vibration suppression control II)	0000h		0		
PB03		For manufacturer setting	18000				
PB04	FFC	Feed forward gain	0	[%]	0		
PB05		For manufacturer setting	500				
PB06	GD2	Load to motor inertia ratio	7.00	[Multiplier]	0	0	
PB07	PG1	Model loop gain	15.0	[rad/s]	0	0	
PB08	PG2	Position loop gain	37.0	[rad/s]	0		
PB09	VG2	Speed loop gain	823	[rad/s]	0	0	0
PB10	VIC	Speed integral compensation	33.7	[ms]	0	0	0
PB11	VDC	Speed differential compensation	980		0	0	0
PB12	OVA	Overshoot amount compensation	0	[%]	0		
PB13	NH1	Machine resonance suppression filter 1	4500	[Hz]	0	0	0
PB14	NHQ1	Notch shape selection 1	0000h		0	0	0
PB15	NH2	Machine resonance suppression filter 2	4500	[Hz]	0	0	0
PB16	NHQ2	Notch shape selection 2	0000h		0	0	0
PB17	NHF	Shaft resonance suppression filter	0000h		0	0	0
PB18	LPF	Low-pass filter setting	3141	[rad/s]	0	0	0
PB19	VRF11	Vibration suppression control 1 - Vibration frequency	100.0	[Hz]	0		
PB20	VRF12	Vibration suppression control 1 - Resonance frequency	100.0	[Hz]	0		
PB21	VRF13	Vibration suppression control 1 - Vibration frequency damping	0.00		0		
PB22	VRF14	Vibration suppression control 1 - Resonance frequency damping	0.00		0		
PB23	VFBF	Low-pass filter selection	0000h		0	0	0
PB24	*MVS	Slight vibration suppression control	0000h		0		
PB25	*BOP1	Function selection B-1	0000h		0	0	
PB26	*CDP	Gain switching function	0000h		0	0	
PB27	CDL	Gain switching condition	10	[kpulse/s]/ [pulse]/ [r/min]	0	0	
PB28	CDT	Gain switching time constant	1	[ms]	0	0	
PB29	GD2B	Load to motor inertia ratio after gain switching	7.00	[Multiplier]	0	0	
PB30	PG2B	Position loop gain after gain switching	0.0	[rad/s]	0		
PB31	VG2B	Speed loop gain after gain switching	0	[rad/s]	0	0	
PB32	VICB	Speed integral compensation after gain switching	0.0	[ms]	0	0	
PB33	VRF11B	Vibration suppression control 1 - Vibration frequency after gain switching	0.0	[Hz]	0		
PB34	VRF12B	Vibration suppression control 1 - Resonance frequency after gain switching	0.0	[Hz]	0		
PB35	VRF13B	Vibration suppression control 1 - Vibration frequency damping after gain switching	0.00		0		
PB36	VRF14B	Vibration suppression control 1 - Resonance frequency damping after gain switching	0.00		0		
PB37	\	For manufacturer setting	1600	Λ	1	1	\
PB38	\		0.00		\	\	\
PB39	\		0.00	] \	\	\	\
PB40	\		0.00		\	\	\
PB41	\		0		\	\	\
PB42	\		0	\	\	\	\
PB43	\		0000h	] \	\	\	\
PB44	\		0.00	\	∟_\	\	\
PB45	CNHF	Command notch filter	0000h		0		

					Con	itrol m	iode
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit	Position	Speed	Pressure
PB46	NH3	Machine resonance suppression filter 3	4500	[Hz]	0	0	0
PB47	NHQ3	Notch shape selection 3	0000h		0	0	0
PB48	NH4	Machine resonance suppression filter 4	4500	[Hz]	0	0	0
PB49	NHQ4	Notch shape selection 4	0000h		0	0	0
PB50	NH5	Machine resonance suppression filter 5	4500	[Hz]	0	0	0
PB51	NHQ5	Notch shape selection 5	0000h		0	0	0
PB52	VRF21	Vibration suppression control 2 - Vibration frequency	100.0	[Hz]	0		
PB53	VRF22	Vibration suppression control 2 - Resonance frequency	100.0	[Hz]	0		
PB54	VRF23	Vibration suppression control 2 - Vibration frequency damping	0.00		0		
PB55	VRF24	Vibration suppression control 2 - Resonance frequency damping	0.00		0		
PB56	VRF21B	Vibration suppression control 2 - Vibration frequency after gain switching	0.0	[Hz]	0		
PB57	VRF22B	Vibration suppression control 2 - Resonance frequency after gain switching	0.0	[Hz]	0		
PB58	VRF23B	Vibration suppression control 2 - Vibration frequency damping after gain switching	0.00		0		
PB59	VRF24B	Vibration suppression control 2 - Resonance frequency damping after gain switching	0.00		0		
PB60	PG1B	Model loop gain after gain switching	0.0	[rad/s]	0	0	
PB61		For manufacturer setting	0.0			$\setminus$	
PB62			0000h		\	\	\
PB63			0000h		\		\
PB64			0000h	\	\	] \	

# 3.1.3 Extension setting parameters ([Pr. PC $\_$ ])

		Name			Cor	Control mode		
No.	Symbol		Initial value	Unit	Position	Speed	Pressure	
PC01	ERZ	Error excessive alarm level	0	[rev]	0			
PC02	MBR	Electromagnetic brake sequence output	0	[ms]	0	0	0	
PC03		For manufacturer setting	0000h					
PC04	**COP1	Function selection C-1	0000h		0	0	0	
PC05	**COP2	Function selection C-2	0000h		0	0		
PC06	*COP3	Function selection C-3	0000h		0			
PC07	ZSP	Zero speed	50	[r/min]	0	0	0	
PC08	OSL	Overspeed alarm detection level	0	[r/min]	0	0	0	
PC09	MOD1	Analog monitor 1 output	0000h		0	0	0	
PC10	MOD2	Analog monitor 2 output	0001h		0	0	0	
PC11	MO1	Analog monitor 1 offset	0	[mV]	0	0	0	
PC12	MO2	Analog monitor 2 offset	0	[mV]	0	0	0	
PC13		For manufacturer setting	0		\	\		
PC14			0					
PC15			0		\			
PC16			0000h		\			
PC17	**COP4	Function selection C-4	0000h		0	0	0	
PC18	*COP5	Function selection C-5	0000h		0	0	0	
PC19	/	For manufacturer setting	0000h					
PC20	*COP7	Function selection C-7	0000h		0	0	0	
PC21	*BPS	Alarm history clear	0000h		0	0	0	
PC22		For manufacturer setting	0					
PC23			0000h	\	] \	] \		
PC24	RSBR	Forced stop deceleration time constant	100	[ms]	0	0		

					Con	trol m	iode
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit	Position	Speed	Pressure
PC25 PC26 PC27 PC28 PC29		For manufacturer setting	0 0000h 0000h 0000h				
PC30		For manufacturer setting	0			$\leq$	
PC31	RSUP1	Vertical axis freefall prevention compensation amount	0	[0.0001rev]	0	$\leq$	
PC32 PC33 PC34 PC35 PC36 PC37		For manufacturer setting	0000h 0 100 0000h 0000h				
PC38	ERW	Error excessive warning level	0	[rev]	0		
PC39 PC40 PC41 PC42 PC43 PC44 PC45 PC46 PC47 PC48 PC50 PC51 PC52 PC53 PC56 PC57 PC58 PC59 PC60 PC61 PC62 PC63		For manufacturer setting	0000h				

# 3.1.4 I/O setting parameters ([Pr. PD $\_$ ])

					Con	trol m	ode
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial	Unit	on	Ď	ure
140.	Cymbol	Ivanic	value	Offic	Position	Speed	Pressure
PD01		For manufacturer setting	0000h		_	0)	-I
PD01	*DIA2	Input signal automatic on selection 2	0000h		0		$\overline{}$
PD03	DIAZ	For manufacturer setting	0020h		\	\ \	\ \
PD04		1 of manuacturer setting	0020h			\	$\setminus$
PD05			0021h			\	$  \  $
PD06			0000h		\	\	
PD07	*DO1	Output device selection 1	0005h		0	0	0
PD08	*DO2	Output device selection 2	0004h		0	0	0
PD09	\	For manufacturer setting	0003h		\	\	$\overline{}$
PD10		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0000h		\	\	
PD11			0004h		\	\	$  \  $
PD12			0000h		\	\	$  \  $
PD13	\		0000h		\	\	
PD14	*DOP3	Function selection D-3	0000h		0	0	0
PD15		For manufacturer setting	0000h		Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ
PD16	1	<b>S</b>	0000h	1			
PD17	\		0000h	1\			
PD18			0000h	1 \			
PD19			0000h	1 \			1
PD20	1 \		0	1 \			
PD21			0	\			
PD22			0				1
PD23			0	\			
PD24			0000h	1 \			
PD25			0000h	\			
PD26	1 \		0000h	1 \			
PD27			0000h				
PD28			0000h	\			
PD29			0000h	\			
PD30			0	\			
PD31			0	\			1
PD32	\		0	\			
PD33			0000h	\			
PD34			0000h	\			
PD35			0000h	\			
PD36			0000h	\			
PD37			0000h	\			
PD38			0000h				
PD39			0000h	\			
PD40			0000h				
PD41			0000h	\			
PD42			0000h				
PD43			0000h	\			
PD44	\		0000h	\			
PD45	\		0000h	\			
PD46	\		0000h	\			
PD47			0000h	\			
PD48			0000h				

# 3.1.5 Extension setting 2 parameters ([Pr. PE $\_$ ])

					Cor	itrol m	iode
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial	Unit	on	þ	ure
NO.	Gyiriboi	Name	value	Offic	Position	Speed	Pressure
					P	S	Ą
PE01		For manufacturer setting	0000h				
PE02			0000h	\			
PE03			0003h	\			
PE04			1	] \			
PE05			1	] \			
PE06			400	\			
PE07			100				
PE08			10	\			
PE09			0000h				
PE10			0000h				
PE11			0000h	\			
PE12			0000h				$\prod_{i=1}^{n}$
PE13			0000h				
PE14			0111h				
PE15			20				
PE16			0000h				$\prod_{i=1}^{n}$
PE17			0000h				
PE18			0000h	. \			
PE19			0000h	-			
PE20			0000h				
PE21			0000h				
PE22			0000h				
PE23 PE24			0000h	-			
PE24 PE25			0000h 0000h				
PE26			0000h	-			
PE27			0000h	· \			
PE28			0000h	1			
PE29			0000h	\			
PE30			0000h	\			
PE31			0000h	1 \			
PE32			0000h	\			
PE33			0000h	\			
PE34			1	1			
PE35	\		1	\			
PE36			0.0				
PE37	\		0.00	1 \			
PE38	\		0.00	] \			
PE39	\		20	] \			
PE40			0000h	<u> </u>			L
PE41	EOP3	Function selection E-3	0000h		0	0	0
PE42		For manufacturer setting	0				
PE43			0.0				
PE44	LMCP	Lost motion compensation positive-side compensation value selection	0	[0.01%]	0		
PE45	LMCN	Lost motion compensation negative-side compensation value selection	0	[0.01%]	0		
PE46	LMFLT	Lost motion filter setting	0	[0.1 ms]	0		
PE47	TOF	Torque offset	0	[0.01%]	0	0	0
PE48	*LMOP	Lost motion compensation function selection	0000h		0		$\geq$
PE49	LMCD	Lost motion compensation timing	0	[0.1 ms]	0		$\triangleright$
PE50	LMCT	Lost motion compensation non-sensitive band	0	[pulse]/	0		
				[kpulse]			

					Con	itrol m	node
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit	Position	Speed	Pressure
PE51	\	For manufacturer setting	0000h	\		\	
PE52	]\		0000h	\	\	1	\
PE53	] \		0000h	\	\	I\	\
PE54	] \		0000h	\	1		\
PE55	\		0000h	\		l \	
PE56	\		0000h	\		l \	\
PE57	\		0000h	\		l \	\
PE58	\		0000h	\			
PE59	\		0000h	\			$\setminus$
PE60	\		0000h	\			\
PE61	\		0.00	\			$\setminus$
PE62	\		0.00	\		l \	\
PE63	\		0.00	\	\	\	\
PE64	\		0.00	\			

# 3.1.6 Extension setting 3 parameters ([Pr. PF $\_$ ])

					Con	trol m	
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit	tion	Speed	sure
			value		Position	Spe	Pressure
PF01		For manufacturer setting	0000h		\	\	\
PF02			0000h				$  \setminus  $
PF03			0000h		\	\	$  \  $
PF04			0		\	\	$  \  $
PF05			0000h		\	\	
PF06	*FOP5	Function selection F-5	0000h		0	0	0
PF07	\	For manufacturer setting	0000h		Λ	Λ	$\setminus$
PF08			0000h		\	\	\
PF09			0		\	\	$  \  $
PF10			0		\	\	\
PF11			0		\	\	
PF12	DBT	Electronic dynamic brake operating time	2000	[ms]	0	0	0
PF13	\	For manufacturer setting	0000h		Λ	Ν	\
PF14			10	\	\	\	
PF15			0000h	\	l \	\	
PF16			0000h		\	\	\
PF17	\		0000h		\	\	\
PF18	\		0000h	\	\	\	<b>.</b> \
PF19	\		0000h	\	\	l \	\
PF20			0000h	\	\	١ ١	\
PF21	DRT	Drive recorder switching time setting	0	[s]	0	0	0
PF22		For manufacturer setting	200				
PF23	OSCL1	Vibration tough drive - Oscillation detection level	50	[%]	0	0	
PF24	*OSCL2	Vibration tough drive function selection	0000h		0	0	
PF25	CVAT	SEMI-F47 function - Instantaneous power failure detection time	200	[ms]	0	0	0
PF26		For manufacturer setting	0		\	<b> </b> \	$\setminus$
PF27	\		0		\	\	$  \setminus  $
PF28	\		0		\	\	\
PF29	\		0000h		\	\	
PF30			0		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	$\bigsqcup$
PF31	FRIC	Machine diagnosis function - Friction judgment speed	0	[r/min]	0	0	

					Con	itrol m	ode
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit	Position	Speed	Pressure
PF32	\	For manufacturer setting	50	\			
PF33	]\		0000h	\	1	1	\
PF34	] \		0000h	\	1	I\	\
PF35	] \		0000h	\	1	I \	
PF36	] \		0000h	\			
PF37	\		0000h	\			
PF38	\		0000h	\			
PF39	\		0000h	\			
PF40	\		0000h	\			$  \  $
PF41	\		0000h	\			
PF42	\		0000h	\			$  \  $
PF43	\		0000h	\			
PF44	\		0	\	\	1	\ \ I
PF45	\		0000h	\			
PF46	\		0000h	\			
PF47	\		0000h	\		\	\
PF48	\ 		0021h	\		'	

## 3.1.7 Linear servo motor/DD motor setting parameters ([Pr. PL\_ ])

Linear servo motor/DD motor setting parameters ([Pr. PL\_ \_ ]) are not used with MR-J4-(DU)\_B\_-LL servo amplifiers. Do not change from the default.

The default values are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifiers. To check the default values, refer to section 5.1.7 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

# 3.1.8 Pressure control parameters ([Pr. PT $\_$ ])

					Con	trol m	ode
			Initial				
No.	Symbol	Name	Initial value	Unit	Position	Speed	Pressure
			value		osi	Spe	Ges
					P	· ·	_
PT01	APA	Pressure loop gain	800		$\setminus$	$\setminus$	0
PT02	AIA	Pressure integral compensation	75	[ms]			0
PT03	ADA	Pressure incomplete integral coefficient	10000				0
PT04	$\land$	For manufacturer setting	0	$\land$	\	\	\
PT05			0.0		\	\	\
PT06			800		\	\	.\
PT07	\		75		\	\	. \
PT08	\		10000	\	\	\	. \
PT09	\		800		\	\	. \
PT10	\		75	\	\	\	\
PT11	\		10000	\	\	\	. \
PT12	*TOP1	Function selection T-1	0000h				0
PT13	*TOP2	Function selection T-2	0000h				0
PT14	*TOP3	Function selection T-3	0000h		$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	0
PT15		For manufacturer setting	0000h		$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	Ĭ
PT16			0000h		\	\	\
PT17			0		\	\	\
PT18			0		\	\	. \
PT19			0		\	\	. \
PT20	\		0000h		\	\	. \
PT21	AFBO	Pressure feedback offset	0	[mV]	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\longrightarrow$
PT22	AFBD	Pressure feedback unit constant	20000	[Command			0
FIZZ	AFBD	Pressure reedback unit constant	20000	unit]			0
PT23	AO1	Analog monitor input 1 offset	0	[mV]			0
PT24	AD1	Analog monitor input 1 unit constant	20000	[Command			0
	,,,,,,,	Thailing Montes input 1 drint constant	20000	unit]			
PT25	AO2	Analog monitor input 2 offset	0	[mV]	/	/	0
PT26	AD2	Analog monitor input 2 unit constant	20000	[Command			0
				unit]			
PT27	ADF	Analog monitor input filter setting	0000h				0
PT28		For manufacturer setting	0				
PT29	1\	-	24.0	\			1
PT30	1\		0	1 \			.\
PT31	\		0000h	1 \			
PT32	\		0000h	1 \			.\
PT33	\		0000h	\			. \
PT34	\		0000h	\			. \
PT35	\		0000h	\			\
PT36	\		0000h	1 \			
PT37	\		0000h	\			\
PT38	\		0000h	\			\
PT39	\		0000h	\			
PT40			0000h	\			
PT41			0000h	\			\
PT42			0000h	\			
PT43	\		0000h	\			\ \
PT44	\		0000h	\			, \ <b>I</b>
PT45	\		0000h	\			, \]
	\			\			\
PT46	\		0000h	\	1	1	\
PT47	\		0000h	<b> </b> \			
PT48			0000h	\			

## 3.2 Detailed list of parameters

### **POINT**

- ●Items not mentioned in this section are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier. Refer to section 5.2 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" and section 5.2.2 of "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual". However, functions available with the MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifiers with software version C0 or later are not supported by the MR-J4-(DU)\_B\_-LL servo amplifiers.
- Refer to "3.1 Parameter list" for the compatible control modes.
- Parameters described as "For manufacturer setting" in "3.1 Parameter list" cannot be used.
- Set a value to each "x" in the "Setting digit" columns.

## 3.2.1 Basic setting parameters ([Pr. PA\_\_])

No.	Symbol			Nar	me and function			Initial value [unit]	Setting range	
PA14	*POL	Rotation direct Select the rotate		on on of command i	input pulse.			0	0 to 1	
				Servo motor	rotation direction					
		Setting value		oning address ncrease	Positioning decre					
		0		CCW	CV	V				
			1		CW	CC	W			
		Paramete valu	r setting		Idress increase	Positioning a	address decrease			
		positioning ad	dress (	x _ )" in [Pr. PT1	2].		asing direction for			
			ie		Servo motor		Servo motor			
		PT12 "x_"	PA14	Pressure	rotation direction	Pressure	rotation direction			
		0	0	Decrease	CCW	Increase	CW			
			1		CW		CCW			
		1	0 1	Increase	CCW	Decrease	CCW			
		The following		servo motor rota	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		CCW			
			For	ward rotation (C		e rotation (CW)				

PA20 *TDS Tough drive setting Alarms may not be avoided with the tough drive function depending on the situations power supply and load fluctuation. You can assign MTTR (During tough drive) to pins CN3-9 and CN3-13 with [Pr. PD0 PD08].  Setting digit Explanation x For manufacturer settingx Vibration tough drive selection 0: Disabled		and func column.	the Name tion		
digit Explanation x For manufacturer setting x Vibration tough drive selection	value 0h				
x_ Vibration tough drive selection					
x_ Vibration tough drive selection	0h				
1: Enabled  Selecting "1" enables to suppress vibrations by automatically changing the setting values of [Pr. PB13 Machine resonance suppression filter 1] and [Pr. PB15 Machine resonance suppression filter 2] in case that the vibration exceeds the value of the oscillation level set in [Pr. PF23].  For details, refer to section 7.3 of "MR-J4B_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".  This cannot be used in the pressure control mode.	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Selecting "1" enables to suppress vibrations by automatically changing the setting values of [Pr. PB13 Machine resonance suppression filter 1] and [Pr. PB15 Machine resonance suppression filter 2] in case that the vibration exceeds the value of the oscillation level set in [Pr. PF23]. For details, refer to section 7.3 of "MR-J4B_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".				
x SEMI-F47 function selection 0: Disabled 1: Enabled  Selecting "1" enables to avoid triggering [AL. 10 Undervoltage] using the electrical energy charged in the capacitor in case that an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation. The time until [AL. 10.1 Voltage drop in the control circuit power] occurs can be set with [Pr. PF25 SEMI-F47 function - Instantaneous power failure detection time].	Oh				
x For manufacturer setting	0h				

# 3.2.2 Gain/filter setting parameters ([Pr. PB $\_$ ])

Details of Gain/filter setting parameters ([Pr. PB\_ \_ ]) are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier. Refer to section 5.2.2 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

# 3.2.3 Extension setting parameters ([Pr. PC $\_$ ])

PC09   MOD1   Analog monitor 1 output to MO1 (Analog monitor 1).	No.	Symbol		Name and function				Initial value [unit]	Setting range
Analog monitor 1 output selection	PC09	MOD1	_					and funct	
Refer to table 3.1 for settings.				Explanation					
Setting   Setting   Item   Control mode   Setting value   Item   Setting   Setting   Setting   Item   Setting   Se			x x			C	00h		
Setting value   Item     Control mode     Eg   Down   Down   Eg   Down   Down   Eg   Eg   Down   Eg   Down   Eg   Eg   Down   Eg   Eg   Down   Eg   Eg   Eg   Eg   Eg   Eg   Eg   E			X				0h		
Setting   Item									
Setting value   Item				Table 3.1 Analog monitor setting value					
					Con	trol n			
01 Torque (±8 V/max. torque)02 Servo motor speed (+8 V/max. speed)03 Torque (+8 V/max. torque)04 Current command (±8 V/max. speed)05 Speed command (±8 V/max. speed)06 Servo motor-side droop pulses (±10 V/100 pulses) (Note 1)07 Servo motor-side droop pulses (±10 V/1000 pulses) (Note 1)08 Servo motor-side droop pulses (±10 V/10000 pulses) (Note 1)09 Servo motor-side droop pulses (±10 V/10000 pulses) (Note 1)09 Servo motor-side droop pulses (±10 V/10000 pulses) (Note 1)09 Servo motor-side droop pulses (±10 V/100000 pulses) (Note 1)09 Servo motor-side droop pulses (±10 V/100000 pulses) (Note 1)09 Servo motor-side droop pulses (±10 V/100000 pulses) (Note 1)09 Feedback position (±10 V/11 Mpulse) (Note 1)00 Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)01 Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)02 Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)03 Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)04 Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)05 Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)06 Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)07 Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)08 Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)09 Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)01 Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)01 Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)10 Feesure command (±10 V/1Pr. PT22] setting value)11 Fersure reedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)11 Fersure reedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)11 Fersure reedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)11 Fersure reedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)11 Fersure reedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)12 Fersure reedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)13 Fersure reedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)14 Fersure reedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)15 Fersure reedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)16 Fersure reedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)17 Fersure reedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)				Item	Position	Speed	Pressure		
					0	0	0		
					-				
05									
07   Servo motor-side droop pulses (±10 V/1000 pulses) (Note 1)						$\leq$			
PC10 MOD2 Analog monitor 2 output Selection MOD2 Analog monitor 2 output to MOD2 Servo motor-side droop pulses (±10 V/100000 pulses) (Note 1)  — 08 Servo motor-side droop pulses (±10 V/100000 pulses) (Note 1)  — 0A Feedback position (±10 V/10 Mpulses) (Note 1)  — 0B Feedback position (±10 V/100 Mpulses) (Note 1)  — 0D Bus voltage (200 V class and 100 V class: +8 V/400 V, 400 V class: +8 V/800 V)  — 0E Speed command 2 (±8 V/max. speed)  — 17 Internal temperature of encoder (±10 V/±128 °C)  — 1C Pressure command (±10 V/ [Pr. PT22] setting value)  — 1D Pressure feedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)  — 1E Analog monitor input 1 (AD1 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)  — 1F Analog monitor input 2 (AD2 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)  — 1F Analog monitor 2 values with [Pr. PT21], [Pr. PT23], and [Pr. PT25] are outputted.  PC10 MOD2 Analog monitor 2 output Select a signal to output to MO2 (Analog monitor 2).  Refer to the Namand function column.  Refer to [Pr. PC09] for settings.  — x x Analog monitor 2 output selection Refer to [Pr. PC09] for settings.  — x y For manufacturer setting									
							1		
C							1		
PC10   MOD2   Analog monitor 2 output Select a signal to output to MO2 (Analog monitor 2).   MOD2   Analog monitor 2 output Select a signal to output to MO2 (Analog monitor 2).   MOD2   Setting digit   Care Analog monitor 2 output selection   Care Analog monitor 3 output selection   Care Analog monitor 4 output selection   Care Analog monitor 5 output selection   Care Analog monitor 6 output 5 o									
OC Feedback position (±10 V/100 Mpulses) (Note 1)OD Bus voltage (200 V class and 100 V class: +8 V/400 V, 400 V									
Class: +8 V/800 V)   0E   Speed command 2 (±8 V/max. speed)			0C F	eedback position (±10 V/100 Mpulses) (Note 1)			1		
Comparison of the Name of Select a signal to output to MO2 (Analog monitor 2).   Comparison of Setting digit   Comparison of Setting digit   Comparison of Setting digit   Comparison of Setting   C			cl	ass: +8 V/800 V)	0	0	0		
C   Pressure command (±10 V/ [Pr. PT22] setting value)			0E S	peed command 2 (±8 V/max. speed)	0	0	0		
1D Pressure feedback (AD0 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)1E Analog monitor input 1 (AD1 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)1F Analog monitor input 2 (AD2 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)1F Analog monitor input 2 (AD2 input voltage ±10 V) (Note 2)  Note 1. Encoder pulse unit 2. Offset-adjusted values with [Pr. PT21], [Pr. PT23], and [Pr. PT25] are outputted.  PC10 MOD2 Analog monitor 2 output Select a signal to output to MO2 (Analog monitor 2).  Setting digitxx									
1E					0				
Note 1. Encoder pulse unit 2. Offset-adjusted values with [Pr. PT21], [Pr. PT23], and [Pr. PT25] are outputted.  PC10 MOD2 Analog monitor 2 output Select a signal to output to MO2 (Analog monitor 2).  Setting digit Explanation Initial value (Analog monitor 2 output selection Refer to [Pr. PC09] for settings.					0	0	0		
Note 1. Encoder pulse unit 2. Offset-adjusted values with [Pr. PT21], [Pr. PT23], and [Pr. PT25] are outputted.  PC10 MOD2 Analog monitor 2 output Select a signal to output to MO2 (Analog monitor 2).  Setting digit Explanation Initial value									
Select a signal to output to MO2 (Analog monitor 2).  Setting digit Explanation Initial value x x Analog monitor 2 output selection O1h Refer to [Pr. PC09] for settings.  -x For manufacturer setting			Note 1. En	coder pulse unit					
digit value x x Analog monitor 2 output selection Refer to [Pr. PC09] for settings.  _x For manufacturer setting  Oh	PC10	MOD2						and funct	
Refer to [Pr. PC09] for settings. x For manufacturer setting Oh			_	,					
x For manufacturer setting 0h			xx			C	)1h		
<del>   </del>						+	0h		
			_ ^			<u>'</u>			

## 3.2.4 I/O setting parameters ([Pr. PD\_ ])

Details of I/O setting parameters ([Pr. PD\_ \_ ]) are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier. Refer to section 5.2.4 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

## 3.2.5 Extension setting 2 parameters ([Pr. PE\_ ])

Details of Extension setting 2 parameters ([Pr. PE\_ \_]) are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier. Refer to section 5.2.5 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

## 3.2.6 Extension setting 3 parameters ([Pr. PF\_\_])

Details of Extension setting 3 parameters ([Pr. PF\_ \_ ]) are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier. Refer to section 5.2.6 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" and section 5.2.2 of "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual".

## 3.2.7 Linear servo motor/DD motor setting parameters ([Pr. PL\_ ])

Linear servo motor/DD motor setting parameters ([Pr. PL\_ \_ ]) are not used with MR-J4-(DU)\_B\_-LL servo amplifiers. Do not change from the default.

The default values are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifiers. To check the default values, refer to section 5.1.7 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

# 3.2.8 Pressure control parameters ([Pr. PT\_\_])

No.	Symbol				Name and	function				Initial value [unit]	Setting range				
PT01	APA	Pressure loop Set the propo 0.	-	f the pressu	ure loop. WI	hen "0" is s	et, the pres	sure comma	nd will be	800	0 to 6000				
PT02	AIA	Pressure integr	-		ressure loop	p.				75 [ms]	1 to 1000				
PT03	ADA	Pressure inco Set the incom When "10000 When "0" is s	nplete integral )" is set, the p	factor of throportional	ne pressure integral cor	ntrol will be	set.			10000	0 to 10000				
PT12	*TOP1	Function sele	ction T-1								he Name				
		Setting digit			Expla	nation			Initial value	and funct	ion				
		x	For manufa	cturer settii	ng				0h						
		x_	Selection of Select a pre 0: Pressure 1: Pressure For the pres and the pres combination	essure incre increases increases ssure contre ssure incre	easing direct as the posit as the posit of mode, the asing direct	ction for the tioning add tioning add e servo mo tion are as	e positioning ress decrea ress increas tor rotation follows with	address. ases ses direction	0h						
				er setting lue		g address ease		g address ease							
			PT12 "x_"	PA14	Pressure	Servo motor rotation direction	Pressure	Servo motor rotation direction							
			0	0 1 0	Decrease	CCW CCW	Increase	CW CCW							
			1	1	Increase	CW	Decrease	CCM							
			This is avail later. In addition,												
		_x	Forward/rev Enable/disa	erse-side s	stop function	n		•	0h						
			Setting	g value		side stop	Reverse- fund	side stop							
				0		bled		bled							
				<u>1</u> 2	ł	bled	+	bled							
				_		ioicu	I DISA	iolou							
			To use the f			•	n, a controlle	er							
			When using	the Motior	n controller	of									
			R64MTCPU stop function				e torward/re	everse-side							
			For the mod	de in which	the pressur	re control a	•	-							
			with an erro												
			For details,	refer to the	manuals fo		•								
		x	For manufa	cturer settii	ng				0h						

TOP2	Setting digit x  Setting digit x x  Function sele  Setting digit x x x x x	Explanation  Pressure control command compensation Enable/disable the pressure control command compensation. 0: Disabled (A command from the controller will be immediately reflected.) 1: Enabled (A command from the controller will be compensated and then reflected.) Speed limit command compensation Enable/disable the speed control command compensation in the pressure control. 0: Disabled (A command from the controller will be immediately reflected.) 1: Enabled (A command from the controller will be compensated and then reflected.) For manufacturer setting	Oh Oh Oh Oh Oh Oh Oh Oh Oh	Refer to the and function column.  Refer to the and function column.	on ne Name
ГОРЗ	digit x x x x  Function sele  Setting digitx x x	Pressure control command compensation Enable/disable the pressure control command compensation. 0: Disabled (A command from the controller will be immediately reflected.) 1: Enabled (A command from the controller will be compensated and then reflected.) Speed limit command compensation Enable/disable the speed control command compensation in the pressure control. 0: Disabled (A command from the controller will be immediately reflected.) 1: Enabled (A command from the controller will be compensated and then reflected.) For manufacturer setting  Explanation  A function that clears the integration when the pressure control command is "0" 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	Oh Oh Oh Oh Oh Oh	Refer to the	ne Name
OP3	x x x  Function sele  Setting digitxxx	Enable/disable the pressure control command compensation.  0: Disabled (A command from the controller will be immediately reflected.)  1: Enabled (A command from the controller will be compensated and then reflected.)  Speed limit command compensation  Enable/disable the speed control command compensation in the pressure control.  0: Disabled (A command from the controller will be immediately reflected.)  1: Enabled (A command from the controller will be compensated and then reflected.)  For manufacturer setting  Explanation  A function that clears the integration when the pressure control command is "0"  0: Disabled  1: Enabled	Oh Oh Oh Oh Oh	and function	
<sup>-</sup> OP3	Function sele  Setting digit x x  -x-	reflected.)  1: Enabled (A command from the controller will be compensated and then reflected.)  Speed limit command compensation  Enable/disable the speed control command compensation in the pressure control.  0: Disabled (A command from the controller will be immediately reflected.)  1: Enabled (A command from the controller will be compensated and then reflected.)  For manufacturer setting  Explanation  A function that clears the integration when the pressure control command is "0"  0: Disabled  1: Enabled	Oh Oh Initial value Oh	and function	
ГОР3	Function sele  Setting digit x x  -x-	Enable/disable the speed control command compensation in the pressure control.  0: Disabled (A command from the controller will be immediately reflected.)  1: Enabled (A command from the controller will be compensated and then reflected.)  For manufacturer setting  Explanation  A function that clears the integration when the pressure control command is "0"  0: Disabled  1: Enabled	Oh Oh Initial value Oh	and function	
ОР3	Function sele  Setting digit x x	Explanation  A function that clears the integration when the pressure control command is "0"  0: Disabled  1: Enabled	Oh Initial value Oh Oh	and function	
OP3	Setting digit x x  -x  -x	Explanation  A function that clears the integration when the pressure control command is "0"  0: Disabled  1: Enabled	value Oh Oh	and function	
OP3	Setting digit x x  -x  -x	Explanation  A function that clears the integration when the pressure control command is "0"  0: Disabled  1: Enabled	value Oh Oh	and function	
	x	A function that clears the integration when the pressure control command is "0"  0: Disabled  1: Enabled	value Oh Oh	column.	
	x	command is "0" 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	Oh		
	_x	1: Enabled			
	_x	For manufacturer setting			
	x		OH		
	-		0h		
FBO	Pressure feed	dback offset		0	-9999
		ure feedback offset voltage.		[mV]	to
		s set, the voltage is compensated by -100 mV.			9999
FBD	+	is set, the voltage is compensated by +100 mV.  dback unit constant		20000	500
טט	Set the conve	ersion coefficient of the pressure feedback voltage to be returned to the		[Command unit]	to 30000
		re feedback value to be returned to the controller at the maximum input () (Pressure feedback).	ıt voltage		
AO1	` '	,		0	-9999
				[mV]	to
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			9999
AD1	+			20000	500
				[Command unit]	to 30000
AO2	-			0	-9999
				[mV]	to
					9999
AD2				20000	500
	Set the conve	ersion coefficient of the analog monitor input 2 voltage returned to the		[Command unit]	to 30000
۹С	)1	Analog monit Set the offset When "100" i When "-100"  Analog monit Set the conve Set the value voltage (10 V  Analog monit Set the offset When "100" i When "-100"  Analog monit Set the conve	Set the offset voltage of the analog monitor input 1.  When "100" is set, the voltage is compensated by -100 mV.  When "-100" is set, the voltage is compensated by +100 mV.  Analog monitor input 1 unit constant  Set the conversion coefficient of the analog monitor input 1 voltage returned to the Set the value of the analog monitor 1 to be returned to the controller at the maximu voltage (10 V) of AD1 (Analog monitor input 1 voltage).  Analog monitor input 2 offset  Set the offset voltage of the analog monitor input 2.  When "100" is set, the voltage is compensated by -100 mV.  When "-100" is set, the voltage is compensated by +100 mV.  Analog monitor input 2 unit constant  Set the conversion coefficient of the analog monitor input 2 voltage returned to the	Analog monitor input 1 offset Set the offset voltage of the analog monitor input 1. When "100" is set, the voltage is compensated by -100 mV. When "-100" is set, the voltage is compensated by +100 mV.  Analog monitor input 1 unit constant Set the conversion coefficient of the analog monitor input 1 voltage returned to the controller. Set the value of the analog monitor 1 to be returned to the controller at the maximum input voltage (10 V) of AD1 (Analog monitor input 1 voltage).  Analog monitor input 2 offset Set the offset voltage of the analog monitor input 2. When "100" is set, the voltage is compensated by -100 mV. When "-100" is set, the voltage is compensated by +100 mV.	Analog monitor input 1 offset Set the offset voltage of the analog monitor input 1. When "100" is set, the voltage is compensated by -100 mV. When "-100" is set, the voltage is compensated by +100 mV.  Analog monitor input 1 unit constant Set the conversion coefficient of the analog monitor input 1 voltage returned to the controller. Set the value of the analog monitor 1 to be returned to the controller at the maximum input voltage (10 V) of AD1 (Analog monitor input 1 voltage).  Analog monitor input 2 offset Set the offset voltage of the analog monitor input 2. When "100" is set, the voltage is compensated by -100 mV. When "-100" is set, the voltage is compensated by +100 mV.  Analog monitor input 2 unit constant Set the conversion coefficient of the analog monitor input 2 voltage returned to the controller.  [Command

No.	Symbol			Name and function		Initial value [unit]	Setting range				
PT27	ADF	_		sure feedback), AD1 (Analog monitor input 1), a	nd AD2	Refer to t and funct column.					
		Setting digit		Explanation	Initial value						
		x		back) filter time constant constant for AD0 (Pressure feedback). Refer to time constant.	0h						
		x_	Select the filter time	r input 1) filter time constant constant for AD1 (Analog monitor input 1). the filter time constant.	0h						
		_x	Select the filter time	r input 2) filter time constant constant for AD2 (Analog monitor input 2). the filter time constant.	0h						
		0h									
		Table 3.2 F	Filter time constant								
		Setting value	Time constant [ms]								
		0	Non-filter								
		1	0.5								
		2	1								
		3	2								
		4	4								
			5     8       6     16       7     32       8     64       9     128								
		9									
		<del>-                                   </del>	120								

MEMO		

## 4. PRESSURE LOOP GAIN ADJUSTMENT

POINT

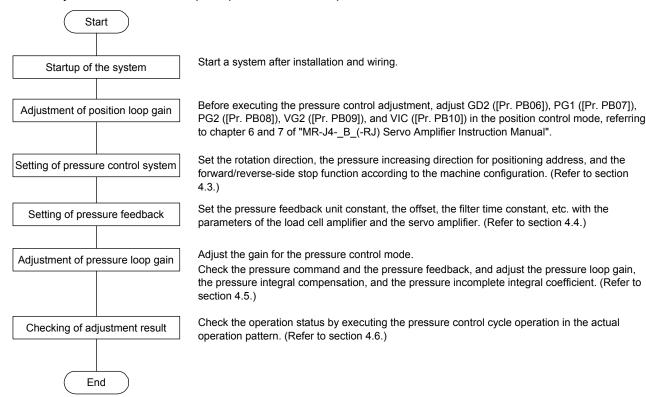
Before making gain adjustment, check that neither speed nor torque is limited.

## 4.1 Summary

Adjust pressure control in order to increase the response performance to the pressure command from the controller. Check the pressure command and the pressure feedback, and then execute the gain adjustment of the pressure control in accordance with the machine configuration and the required performance.

## 4.2 Pressure control adjustment flowchart

The following shows the flowchart of the pressure control adjustment. In this section, "Setting pressure control system" and the subsequent procedures are explained.



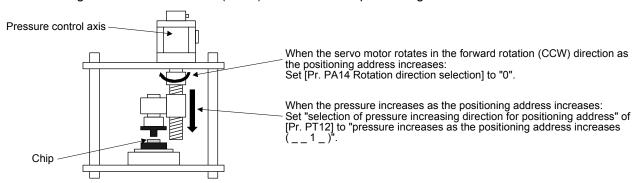
#### 4.3 Setting of pressure control system

Set the parameters as follows according to the machine configuration and the controller to be used.

(1) Setting of the rotation direction and the pressure increasing direction for the positioning address Set [Pr. PA14 Rotation direction selection] and "selection of pressure increasing direction for positioning address (\_\_ x \_)" of [Pr. PT12] according to the machine configuration. The following shows the servo motor rotation direction and the pressure increasing direction for the positioning address.

Parameter setting value		Positioning ad	dress increase	ase Positioning address decreas	
PT12 " x _"	PA14	Pressure	Servo motor rotation direction	Pressure	Servo motor rotation direction
0	0	0 Decrease	CCW	Increase	CW
U	1	Decrease	CW		CCW
1 0 1	Increase	CCW Decrease	CW		
	1	inciease	CW	Decrease	CCW

The following is an example of a machine in which a chip is pressure-bonded with a pressure control axis rotating in the forward rotation (CCW) direction as the positioning address is increased.



When the setting of [Pr. PA14] or [Pr. PT12] is incorrect, the machine may not operate properly such that the servo motor continues rotating even when the pressure feedback exceeds the pressure command, or the servo motor stops before the pressure feedback reaches the value of the pressure command. In such case, stop the operation immediately, and check the servo motor rotation direction and the pressure increasing direction. Reset [Pr. PA14] and [Pr. PT12] correctly.

## (2) Setting of the forward/reverse-side stop function

When the forward/reverse-side stop function is selected with "\_ x \_ \_" of [Pr. PT12], a controller compatible with each function is required.

When using the Motion controller of R64MTCPU/R32MTCPU/R16MTCPU, set the forward/reverse-side stop function to "\_ 1 \_ \_" in [Pr. PT12]. For the mode in which the pressure control axis keeps reversing with an error of the pressure sensor (load cell) during the pressure control, set software stroke limit with the servo system controller. For details, refer to the manuals for servo system controllers.

## 4. PRESSURE LOOP GAIN ADJUSTMENT

#### 4.4 Setting of pressure feedback

Execute setting related to the pressure feedback. Set the parameters of the load cell amplifier and the servo amplifier.

## (1) Setting of the pressure feedback unit constant

(a) Setting of the load cell amplifier

Adjust the voltage range of the load cell amplifier between 0 and +10 V according to the voltage input range of the pressure feedback.

(b) Setting of [Pr. PT 22 Pressure feedback unit constant]

Set the conversion coefficient of the pressure feedback voltage to be returned to the controller in [Pr. PT 22 Pressure feedback unit constant].

Set a pressure feedback value to be returned to the controller at the maximum input voltage (10 V) of AD0 (Pressure feedback). For example, if [Pr. PT22] is set to "2000", the pressure is controlled in a way the load cell voltage is 10 V when the controller gives the pressure command of 2000.

## (2) Setting of the pressure feedback offset

(a) Setting of the load cell amplifier

When the load cell amplifier has an offset adjustment function, set the offset adjustment with the load cell amplifier.

(b) Setting of [Pr. PT 21 Pressure feedback offset]

When the load cell amplifier does not have an offset adjustment function, set the pressure feedback offset voltage with [Pr. PT 21 Pressure feedback offset].

When "100" is set, the voltage is compensated by -100 mV. When "-100" is set, the voltage is compensated by +100 mV.

### (3) Setting of the pressure feedback input filter

Set the low-pass filter for removing noise from the pressure feedback input. When the low-pass filter is used, the filter response frequency affects the response performance of the pressure control. The higher the filter response frequency, the more stable the pressure control with better response. The following gives an indication of the filter response frequency.

Indication of filter response frequency	Explanation	
Recommended: 500 Hz or higher (2 ms or less)	Response performance of the pressure control is high, and the operation is stable.	
Lowest: 100 Hz or higher (10 ms or less)	When less than 100 Hz is set to increase the effect of noise removal, the pressure control is still possible; however, the pressure control response will be low.	

## (a) Setting of the load cell amplifier

If it is possible to set the low-pass filter as a noise removal function of the analog signal with the load cell amplifier, set the filter with the load cell amplifier.

(b) Setting of [Pr. PT27 Analog monitor input filter setting]

If it is not possible to set the low-pass filter with the load cell amplifier, set the low-pass filter of the pressure feedback by setting "AD0 (Pressure feedback) filter time constant" of [Pr. PT27] to "\_\_\_ x".

## 4. PRESSURE LOOP GAIN ADJUSTMENT

## 4.5 Adjustment of pressure loop gain

## **POINT**

Changing [Pr. PT22 Pressure feedback unit constant] also changes the response performance of the pressure control. In this case, readjust the pressure loop gain.

To adjust the pressure control, adjust the following in order of the proportional control gain (pressure loop gain) and the integral control gain (pressure integral compensation and pressure incomplete integral coefficient). If the result of the proportional control gain adjustment does not satisfy the required performance, adjust the integral control gain.

## (1) Parameters

The following parameters are used for the gain adjustment of the pressure control.

Parameter	Symbol	Name
PT01	APA	Pressure loop gain
PT02	AIA	Pressure integral compensation
PT03	ADA	Pressure incomplete integral coefficient

(2) Adjustment of the proportional control gain (pressure loop gain)
First, set [Pr. PT01], [Pr. PT02], and [Pr. PT03] as follows in order to enable only the proportional control gain.

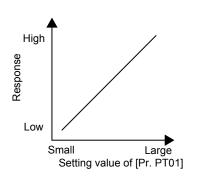
Parameter	Symbol	Setting
PT01	APA	Set "10".
PT02	AIA	Set "1000".
PT03	ADA	Set "0".

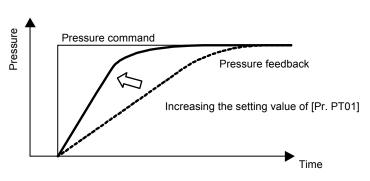
Next, increase the value of [Pr. PT01] gradually with a constant value of the pressure command is being input from the controller. If a vibration occurs, decrease the value slightly. As a rough guide, set [Pr. PT01] to 70% to 80% of the value generated the vibration.

If this satisfies the required performance, setting the integral control gain is not necessary.

The following shows the relation between the setting value of the proportional control gain (pressure loop gain) and the response performance.

[Pr. PT01 Pressure control gain]





Increasing the setting value of [Pr. PT01] improves track ability to the command. A too large setting value will generate vibration.

Changing [Pr. PT22 Pressure feedback unit constant] also changes the response performance of the pressure control. In this case, readjust the pressure loop gain.

For example, if the value of [Pr. PT22] is doubled, it works the same as the pressure control proportional gain of [Pr. PT01 Pressure loop gain] is doubled. When the response performance of the pressure control needs to be unchanged, change the setting value of [Pr. PT01] to "(the value of [Pr. PT22] before change)/(the value of [Pr. PT22] after change)", and check the operation.

(3) Adjustment of the integral control gain (pressure integral compensation and pressure incomplete integral coefficient)

If the result of the proportional control gain adjustment does not satisfy the required performance, adjust the integral control gain.

The integral control gain adjustment differs depending on the machine configuration. Adjust the gain by following (a) or (b) which suits your machine.

"A machine providing a constant pressure when the servo motor stops" refers to a machine pressing together with a constant pressure by using the pressure control. "A machine providing a constant pressure when the servo motor rotates" refers to a machine pushing out with a constant pressure by using the pressure control.

(a) For a machine providing a constant pressure when the servo motor stops First, set [Pr. PT01], [Pr. PT02], and [Pr. PT03] as follows.

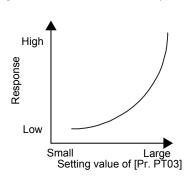
Parameter	Symbol	Setting
PT01	APA	Set the result of (2) adjustment of the proportional control gain (pressure loop gain)
PT02	AIA	Set "500".
PT03	ADA	Set "5000".

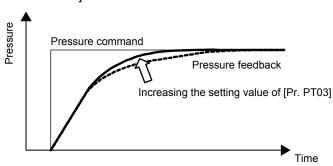
Next, increase the value of [Pr. PT03] gradually. If an overshoot or a vibration occurs, decrease the value slightly. It is not necessary to set too large value in [Pr. PT03].

Then, decrease the value of [Pr. PT02] gradually. If an overshoot or a vibration occurs, increase the value slightly.

The following shows the relation between the setting value of the integral control gain (pressure integral compensation and pressure incomplete integral coefficient) and the response performance.

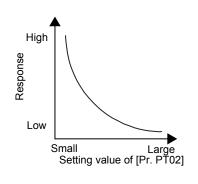
## [Pr. PT03 Pressure incomplete integral coefficient]

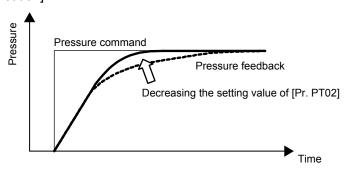




Increasing the setting value of [Pr. PT03] improves track ability to the command. A too large setting value will generate overshoot or vibration.

## [Pr. PT02 Pressure integral compensation]





Decreasing the setting value of [Pr. PT02] improves track ability to the command. A too small setting value will generate overshoot or vibration.

(b) For a machine providing a constant pressure when the servo motor rotates First, set [Pr. PT01], [Pr. PT02], and [Pr. PT03] as follows.

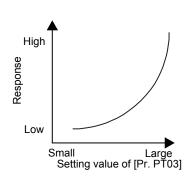
	Parameter	Symbol	Setting
	PT01	APA	Set the result of (2) adjustment of the proportional control gain (pressure loop gain)
I	PT02	AIA	Set "500".
I	PT03	ADA	Set "10000".

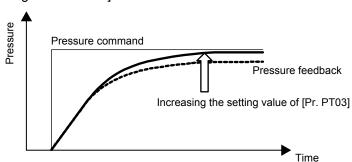
Next, if an overshoot or a vibration occurs when [Pr. PT03] is set to "10000", decrease the value of [Pr. PT03] until the overshoot or the vibration stops.

Then, decrease the value of [Pr. PT02] gradually. If an overshoot or a vibration occurs, increase the value slightly.

The following shows the relation between the setting value of the integral control gain (pressure integral compensation and pressure incomplete integral coefficient) and the response performance.

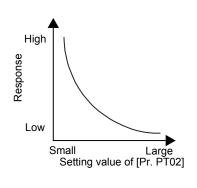
## [Pr. PT03 Pressure incomplete integral coefficient]

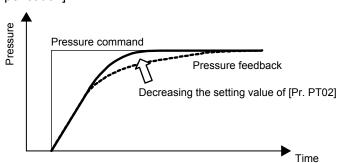




If the setting value of [Pr. PT03] is small, the pressure does not reach to the command. A too large setting value will generate overshoot.

## [Pr. PT02 Pressure integral compensation]





Decreasing the setting value of [Pr. PT02] improves track ability to the command. A too small setting value will generate overshoot or vibration.

#### 4.6 Checking of adjustment result

After adjusting the pressure loop gain, check the operation by executing the pressure control cycle operation with the actual operation patterns. When there is no problem, the pressure control adjustment is complete. If a vibration occurs, execute "4.5 Adjustment of pressure loop gain" again.

# 4. PRESSURE LOOP GAIN ADJUSTMENT MEMO

### 5. TROUBLESHOOTING

### **POINT**

- This chapter explains the details of alarms and warnings exclusively for the MR-J4-(DU)\_B\_-LL. Refer to "MELSERVO-J4 Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual (Troubleshooting)" for other alarms and warnings.
- ◆As soon as an alarm occurs, make the Servo-off status and interrupt the main circuit power.
- ●[AL. 37 Parameter error] and warnings (except [AL. F0 Tough drive warning]) are not recorded in the alarm history.

When an error occurs during operation, the corresponding alarm or warning is displayed. If any alarm or warning occurs, refer to section 5.4 and 5.5 in this manual, and "MR-J4 Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual (Troubleshooting)" to take appropriate action.

When an alarm occurs, ALM (Malfunction) will turn off.

#### 5.1 Explanations of the lists

(1) No./Name/Detail No./Detail name Indicates the alarm or warning No., name, detail No., and detail name.

## (2) Stop method

For the alarms and warnings in which "SD" is written in the stop method column, the servo motor stops with the dynamic brake after forced stop deceleration. For the alarms and warnings in which "DB" or "EDB" is written in the stop method column, the servo motor stops with the dynamic brake without forced stop deceleration.

## (3) Alarm deactivation

After the alarm cause has been removed, the alarm can be deactivated in any of the methods marked o in the alarm deactivation column. Warnings are automatically canceled after the cause of occurrence is removed. Alarms are deactivated by alarm reset, CPU reset, or power cycling.

Alarm deactivation	Explanation
Alarm reset	Error reset command from the controller
	2. Click the "Occurred Alarm Reset" in the "Alarm Display" window of MR
	Configurator2.
CPU reset	Reset the controller itself.
Cycling the power	Turn the power off and on again.

# 5.2 Alarm list

					Stop	Alarr	n deactiv	ation
\	No.	Name	Detail	Detail name	method	Alorm	CDLI	Cycling
	INU.		No.	Detail Hame	(Note 3,	Alarm reset	CPU reset	the
					4)	16361	16361	power
E	10	Undervoltage	10.1	Voltage drop in the control circuit power	EDB	0	0	0
Alarm	10	Officervoltage	10.2	Voltage drop in the main circuit power	SD	0	0	0
			12.1	RAM error 1	DB			0
			12.2	RAM error 2	DB			0
	12	Memory error 1 (RAM)	12.3	RAM error 3	DB			0
			12.4	RAM error 4	DB			0
			12.5	RAM error 5	DB			0
	13	Clock error	13.1	Clock error 1	DB			0
	13	Clock error	13.2	Clock error 2	DB			0
			14.1	Control process error 1	DB			0
			14.2	Control process error 2	DB			0
			14.3	Control process error 3	DB			0
			14.4	Control process error 4	DB			0
	14	Control process arras	14.5	Control process error 5	DB			0
	14	Control process error	14.6	Control process error 6	DB			0
			14.7	Control process error 7	DB			0
			14.8	Control process error 8	DB			0
			14.9	Control process error 9	DB			0
			14.A	Control process error 10	DB			0
	45	Memory error 2 (EEP-	15.1	EEP-ROM error at power on	DB			0
	15	ROM)	15.2	EEP-ROM error during operation	DB			0
			16.1	Encoder initial communication - Receive data error 1	DB			0
			16.2	Encoder initial communication - Receive data error 2	DB			0
			16.3	Encoder initial communication - Receive data error 3	DB			0
			16.5	Encoder initial communication - Transmission data error 1	DB			0
	16	Encoder initial communication error 1	16.6	Encoder initial communication - Transmission data error 2	DB			0
			16.7	Encoder initial communication - Transmission data error 3	DB			0
			16.A	Encoder initial communication - Process error 1	DB			0
			16.B	Encoder initial communication - Process error 2	DB			0
			16.C	Encoder initial communication - Process error 3	DB			0
			16.D	Encoder initial communication - Process error 4	DB			0
			16.E	Encoder initial communication - Process error 5	DB			0
			16.F	Encoder initial communication - Process error 6	DB			Ō
			17.1	Board error 1	DB			Ō
			17.3	Board error 2	DB			0
	17	Board error	17.4	Board error 3	DB			0
			17.5	Board error 4	DB			0
			17.6	Board error 5	DB			0
	40	Memory error 3 (Flash-	19.1	Flash-ROM error 1	DB			0
	19	ROM)	19.2	Flash-ROM error 2	DB			0
	1.0	Servo motor combination	1A.1	Servo motor combination error	DB			0
	1A	error	1A.4	Servo motor combination error 2	DB			0
	1E	Encoder initial communication error 2	1E.1	Encoder malfunction	DB			0
	1F	Encoder initial communication error 3	1F.1	Incompatible encoder	DB			0

					Stop	Alarm deactivation		
	No.	Name	Detail No.	Detail name	method (Note 3, 4)	Alarm reset	CPU reset	Cycling the power
Alarm			20.1	Encoder normal communication - Receive data error 1	EDB			0
			20.2	Encoder normal communication - Receive data error 2	EDB			0
			20.3	Encoder normal communication - Receive data error 3	EDB			0
	20	Encoder normal	20.5	Encoder normal communication - Transmission data error 1	EDB			0
	20	communication error 1	20.6	Encoder normal communication - Transmission data error 2	EDB			0
			20.7	Encoder normal communication - Transmission data error 3	EDB			0
			20.9	Encoder normal communication - Receive data error 4	EDB			0
			20.A	Encoder normal communication - Receive data error 5	EDB			0
Ī			21.1	Encoder data error 1	EDB			0
			21.2	Encoder data update error	EDB			0
		F	21.3	Encoder data waveform error	EDB			0
	21	Encoder normal	21.4	Encoder non-signal error	EDB			0
		communication error 2	21.5	Encoder hardware error 1	EDB			0
			21.6	Encoder hardware error 2	EDB		$\overline{}$	Ō
			21.9	Encoder data error 2	EDB			Ô
-				Ground fault detected at hardware detection			$\overline{}$	
24	24	Main circuit error	24.1	circuit  Ground fault detected by software detection	DB			0
=	0.5	About to monition and	24.2	function	DB	0	0	0
-	25	Absolute position erased	25.1	Servo motor encoder - Absolute position erased	DB		$\overline{}$	0
_	2B	Encoder counter error	2B.1	Encoder counter error 1	EDB			0
		Regenerative error	30.1	Regeneration heat error	DB	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1
	30		30.2	Regeneration signal error	DB	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1
-			30.3	Regeneration feedback signal error	DB	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1
	31	Overspeed	31.1	Abnormal motor speed	SD	0	0	0
			32.1	Overcurrent detected at hardware detection circuit (during operation)	DB			0
	32	Overcurrent	32.2	Overcurrent detected at software detection function (during operation)	DB	0	0	0
	52		32.3	Overcurrent detected at hardware detection circuit (during a stop)	DB			0
			32.4	Overcurrent detected at software detection function (during a stop)	DB	0	0	0
ſ	33	Overvoltage	33.1	Main circuit voltage error	EDB	0	0	0
			34.1	SSCNET receive data error	SD	0	O (Note 2)	0
	34	SSCNET receive error 1	34.2	SSCNET connector connection error	SD	0	0	0
			34.3	SSCNET communication data error	SD	Ō	0	Ō
			34.4	Hardware error signal detection	SD	0	0	0
f	35	Command frequency error	35.1	Command frequency error	SD	0	0	0
f	36	SSCNET receive error 2	36.1	Continuous communication data error	SD	0	0	ō
f			37.1	Parameter setting range error	DB	<u> </u>	0	0
	37	Parameter error	37.2	Parameter combination error	DB		0	0
	ЗА	Inrush current suppression circuit error	3A.1	Inrush current suppression circuit error	EDB		<u></u>	0
		550551	3E.1	Operation mode error	DB			0
}				Control command inconsistency 1	DB		0	0
}	3E	Operation mode error	.31- /1	L COLLEGE COLLINGIA INCOMISIONAL INCOMISIONALI I	טט	_		
ļ	3E	Operation mode error	3E.4	-	ΠP	$\overline{}$	0	$\sim$
=	3E	Operation mode error  Main circuit device	3E.4 3E.5 45.1	Control command inconsistency 2  Main circuit device overheat error 1	DB SD	O (Note 1)	O O (Note 1)	O O (Note 1

					Stop	Alarr	n deactiv	ation
	No.	Name	Detail No.	Detail name	method (Note 3,	Alarm reset	CPU reset	Cycling the
					4)			power
Alarm			46.1	Abnormal temperature of servo motor 1	SD	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
			46.2	Abnormal temperature of servo motor 2	SD	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
	40	Common months and	46.3	Thermistor disconnected error	SD	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
	46	Servo motor overheat	46.4	Thermistor circuit error	SD	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
			46.5	Abnormal temperature of servo motor 3	DB	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
			46.6	Abnormal temperature of servo motor 4	DB	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
	4-	0 " (	47.1	Cooling fan stop error	SD			0
	47	Cooling fan error	47.2	Cooling fan speed reduction error	SD			0
			50.1	Thermal overload error 1 during operation	SD	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
			50.2	Thermal overload error 2 during operation	SD	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
	50	Overload 1	50.3	Thermal overload error 4 during operation	SD	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
	30		50.4	Thermal overload error 1 during a stop	SD	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
			50.5	Thermal overload error 2 during a stop	SD	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
			50.6	Thermal overload error 4 during a stop	SD	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
	51	Overload 2	51.1	Thermal overload error 3 during operation	DB	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
	01	Overload 2	51.2	Thermal overload error 3 during a stop	DB	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)	O (Note 1)
			52.1	Excess droop pulse 1	SD	0	0	0
	52	Error excessive	52.3	Excess droop pulse 2	SD	0	0	0
	52	ETION EXCESSIVE	52.4	Error excessive during 0 torque limit	SD	0	0	0
			52.5	Excess droop pulse 3	EDB	0	0	0
	54	Oscillation detection	54.1	Oscillation detection error	EDB	0	0	0
	56	Forced atom arran	56.2	Over speed during forced stop	EDB	0	0	0
	90	Forced stop error	56.3	Estimated distance over during forced stop	EDB	0	0	0
	63	STO timing error	63.1	STO1 off	DB	0	0	0
	US	STO timing error	63.2	STO2 off	DB	0	0	0
	8A	USB communication time- out error	8A.1	USB communication time-out error	SD	0	0	0
			8E.1	USB communication receive error	SD	0	0	0
			8E.2	USB communication checksum error	SD	0	0	0
	8E	USB communication error	8E.3	USB communication character error	SD	0	0	0
			8E.4	USB communication command error	SD	0	0	0
			8E.5	USB communication data number error	SD	0	0	0
	888	Watchdog	88	Watchdog	DB			0

- Note 1. Leave for about 30 minutes of cooling time after removing the cause of occurrence.
  - 2. In some controller communication status, the alarm factor may not be removed.
  - 3. The following shows three stop methods of DB, EDB, and SD.
    - DB: Dynamic brake stop (For a servo amplifier without the dynamic brake, the servo motor coasts.)
    - EDB: Electronic dynamic brake stop (available with specified servo motors)

Refer to the following table for the specified servo motors. For other than the specified servo motors, the stop method of DB is applied.

Series	Servo motor
HG-KR	HG-KR053/HG-KR13/HG-KR23/HG-KR43
HG-MR	HG-MR053/HG-MR13/HG-MR23/HG-MR43
HG-SR	HG-SR51/HG-SR52

- SD: Forced stop deceleration
- 4. This is applicable when [Pr. PA04] is set to the initial value. The stop method of SD can be changed to DB using [Pr. PA04].

## 5.3 Warning list

\					01
\			Detail No.		Stop
	No.	Name		Detail name	method
					(Note 2, 3)
Warning	91	Servo amplifier overheat warning (Note 1)	91.1	Main circuit device overheat warning	3)
Ma	0	Battery cable	92.1	Encoder battery cable disconnection warning	
	92	disconnection warning	92.3	Battery degradation	
			95.1	STO1 off detection	DB
	95	STO warning	95.2	STO2 off detection	DB
		Home position setting	96.1	In-position warning at home positioning	
	96	warning	96.2	Command input warning at home positioning	
		· ·	9B.1	Excess droop pulse 1 warning	
	9B	Error excessive warning	9B.3	Excess droop pulse 2 warning	
	OB	Error executive warning	9B.4	Error excessive warning during 0 torque limit	
			9F.1	Low battery	
	9F	Battery warning	9F.2	Battery degradation warning	
		Evenesius regeneration	9୮.2	Battery degradation warning	
	E0	Excessive regeneration warning (Note 1)	E0.1	Excessive regeneration warning	
			E1.1	Thermal overload warning 1 during operation	
			E1.2	Thermal overload warning 2 during operation	
		Overload warning 1 (Note 1)	E1.3	Thermal overload warning 3 during operation	
	E1		E1.4	Thermal overload warning 4 during operation	
	E1		E1.5	Thermal overload warning 1 during a stop	
			E1.6	Thermal overload warning 2 during a stop	
			E1.7	Thermal overload warning 3 during a stop	
			E1.8	Thermal overload warning 4 during a stop	
	E2	Servo motor overheat warning (Note 1)	E2.1	Servo motor temperature warning	
	Ε0	Absolute position counter	E3.2	Absolute position counter warning	
	E3	warning	E3.5	Encoder absolute positioning counter warning	
	E4	Parameter warning	E4.1	Parameter setting range error warning	
	E6	Servo forced stop warning	E6.1	Forced stop warning	SD
	E7	Controller forced stop warning	E7.1	Controller forced stop input warning	SD
	<b>-</b> ^	Cooling fan speed	E8.1	Decreased cooling fan speed warning	
	E8	reduction warning	E8.2	Cooling fan stop	
			E9.1	Servo-on signal on during main circuit off	DB
	E9	Main circuit off warning	E9.2	Bus voltage drop during low speed operation	DB
		Ĭ	E9.3	Ready-on signal on during main circuit off	DB
	EC	Overload warning 2 (Note 1)	EC.1	Overload warning 2	
	ED	Output watt excess warning	ED.1	Output watt excess warning	
	EF	Reverse-side stop warning	EF.1	Reverse-side stop warning	
	Ε^	Taxab data a sector	F0.1	Instantaneous power failure tough drive warning	
	F0	Tough drive warning	F0.3	Vibration tough drive warning	
	F^	Drive recorder - Miswriting	F2.1	Drive recorder - Area writing time-out warning	
	F2	warning	F2.2	Drive recorder - Data miswriting warning	$\overline{}$
	F3	Oscillation detection warning	F3.1	Oscillation detection warning	

Note 1. Leave for about 30 minutes of cooling time after removing the cause of occurrence.

- 2. The following shows two stop methods of DB and SD.
  - DB: Dynamic brake stop (For a servo amplifier without the dynamic brake, the servo motor coasts.)
  - SD: Forced stop deceleration
- 3. This is applicable when [Pr. PA04] is set to the initial value. The stop system of SD can be changed to DB using [Pr. PA04].

#### 5.4 Remedies for alarms

**A**CAUTION

- ■When an alarm occurs, eliminate its cause, ensure safety, and deactivate the alarm to restart operation. Otherwise, it may cause injury.
- ●If [AL. 25 Absolute position erased] occurs, always make home position setting again. Otherwise, it may cause an unexpected operation.
- As soon as an alarm occurs, make the Servo-off status and interrupt the main circuit power.

#### **POINT**

- This section explains the details of alarms exclusively for the MR-J4-(DU)\_B\_-LL. Refer to "MELSERVO-J4 Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual (Troubleshooting)" for other alarms.
- •When any of the following alarms occurs, do not deactivate the alarm repeatedly to restart. Doing so will cause a malfunction of the servo amplifier and servo motor. Remove its cause and allow 30 minutes or more for cooling, and then resume the operation.
  - [AL. 30 Regenerative error] [AL. 45 Main circuit device overheat]
  - [AL. 46 Servo motor overheat] [AL. 50 Overload 1]
  - [AL. 51 Overload 2]
- ●[AL. 37 Parameter error] is not recorded in the alarm history.

Refer to this section and "MELSERVO-J4 Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual (Troubleshooting)" to remove the cause of the alarm. Use MR Configurator2 to refer to the cause of alarm occurrence.

Alarm	Alarm No.: 3E		Name: Operation mode error							
Al	Alarm content		The operation mode setting was changed. The control mode was mistakenly switched.							
Detail No.	Detail name		Cause	Check method	Check result	Action	Target			
3E.1	Operation mode error	(1)	The MR-J4-BLL servo amplifier was connected to an SSCNET III controller.	Check if the servo amplifier was connected to an SSCNET III controller.	Connected.	Connect the servo amplifier to an SSCNET III/H controller.	[B]			
3E.4	Control command inconsistency 1	(1)	The control mode of the MR-J4BLL servo amplifier was switched to the torque control mode.	Check if the control mode was switched to the torque control mode.	Executed.	Review the controller setting.				
3E.5	Control command inconsistency 2	(1)	The control mode of the MR-J4BLL servo amplifier was switched to the continuous operation to torque control mode.	Check if the control mode was switched to the continuous operation to torque control mode.	Executed.	Review the controller setting.				

## 5.5 Remedies for warnings

**⚠**CAUTION

●If [AL. E3 Absolute position counter warning] occurs, always make home position setting again. Otherwise, it may cause an unexpected operation.

#### **POINT**

- ■This section explains the details of warnings exclusively for the MR-J4-(DU)\_B\_-LL. Refer to "MELSERVO-J4 Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual (Troubleshooting)" for other warnings.
- When any of the following warnings occurs, do not cycle the power of the servo amplifier repeatedly to restart. Doing so will cause a malfunction of the servo amplifier and servo motor. If the power of the servo amplifier is switched off/on during the warnings, allow more than 30 minutes for cooling before resuming operation.
  - [AL. 91 Servo amplifier overheat warning] [AL. E0 Excessive regeneration warning]
  - [AL. E1 Overload warning 1]
- [AL. E2 Servo motor overheat warning]
- [AL. EC Overload warning 2]
- Warnings (except [AL. F0 Tough drive warning]) are not recorded in the alarm history.

If [AL. E6], [AL. E7], [AL. E9], [AL. EA], or [AL. EB] occurs, the servo amplifier will be the servo-off status. If any other warning occurs, operation can be continued but an alarm may occur and proper operation may not be performed.

Refer to this section and "MELSERVO-J4 Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual (Troubleshooting)" to remove the cause of the warning. Use MR Configurator2 to refer to the cause of warning occurrence.

Alarm No.: EF		Nar	Name: Reverse-side stop warning							
Al	arm content	• D	During the pressure control mode, the set reverse-side stop position was exceeded.							
Detail No.	Detail name	Cause		Check method	Check result	Action	Target			
EF.1	Reverse-side stop warning	(1)		Check if [Pr. PT12] is set to "_ 1".	[Pr. PT12] is not set to "_ 1".	Set [Pr. PT12] to "_ 1".	[B]			

# 5. TROUBLESHOOTING

MEMO					

## 6. OPTIONS AND PERIPHERAL EQUIPMENT

**!** WARNING

■Before connecting any option or peripheral equipment, turn off the power and wait for 15 minutes or more (20 minutes or more for converter unit) until the charge lamp turns off. Then, confirm that the voltage between P+ and N- (between L+ and L- for converter unit) is safe with a voltage tester and others. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur. In addition, when confirming whether the charge lamp is off or not, be sure to look at the lamp from the front of the servo amplifier.

**^**CAUTION

Use the specified peripheral equipment and options to prevent a malfunction or a fire.

#### **POINT**

•We recommend using HIV wires to wire the servo amplifiers, options, and peripheral equipment. Therefore, the recommended wire sizes may differ from those used for the previous servo amplifiers.

The following items are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_. For the details of the items, refer to each chapter/section indicated in the detailed explanation field.

"MR-J4-\_B\_" means "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

"MR-J4-\_DU\_" means "MR-J4-DU\_(-RJ)/MR-CR55K\_ Instruction Manual".

Item	Detailed explanation
Cable/connector sets	MR-J4B_ section 11.1 MR-J4DU_ section 9.1
Regenerative option	MR-J4B_ section 11.2 MR-J4DU_ section 9.2
FR-BU2-(H) brake unit	MR-J4B_ section 11.3 MR-J4DU_ section 9.10
FR-RC-(H) power regeneration converter	MR-J4B_ section 11.4
FR-CV-(H) power regeneration common converter	MR-J4B_ section 11.5
Junction terminal block PS7DW-20V14B-F (recommended)	MR-J4B_ section 11.6
Battery	MR-J4B_ section 11.8
Selection example of wires	MR-J4B_ section 11.9 MR-J4DU_ section 9.4
Molded-case circuit breakers, fuses, magnetic contactors	MR-J4B_ section 11.10 MR-J4DU_ section 9.5
Power factor improving DC reactor	MR-J4B_ section 11.11 MR-J4DU_ section 9.6
Power factor improving AC reactor	MR-J4B_ section 11.12
Relay (recommended)	MR-J4B_ section 11.13
Noise reduction techniques	MR-J4B_ section 11.14 MR-J4DU_ section 9.7
Earth-leakage current breaker	MR-J4B_ section 11.15 MR-J4DU_ section 9.8
EMC filter (recommended)	MR-J4B_ section 11.16 MR-J4DU_ section 9.9
External dynamic brake	MR-J4B_ section 11.17 MR-J4DU_ section 9.3
Panel through attachment (MR-J4ACN15K/MR-J3ACN)	MR-J4B_ section 11.18

# 6. OPTIONS AND PERIPHERAL EQUIPMENT

## 6.1 MR Configurator2

## **POINT**

- ■MR Configurator2 with software version 1.37P or later is supported by the MR-J4-(DU)\_B\_-LL servo amplifiers.
- ●Items not mentioned in this section are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier. Refer to section 11.7 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

MR Configurator2 (SW1DNC-MRC2-\_) uses the communication function of the servo amplifier to perform parameter setting changes, graph display, test operation, etc. on a personal computer.

## 6.1.1 Specifications

Item	Description
Project	Create/read/save/delete project, system setting, and print
Parameter	Parameter setting
Monitor	Display all, I/O monitor, graph, and ABS data display
Diagnosis	Alarm display, alarm onset data, drive recorder, no motor rotation (Note), system configuration, life diagnosis, machine diagnosis (Note)
Test operation	Jog operation, positioning operation, motor-less operation (Note), DO forced output, program operation, and test mode information
Adjustment	One-touch tuning, tuning, and machine analyzer
Others	Servo assistant, update parameter setting range, machine unit conversion setting, help display

Note. Do not use it in the pressure control mode.

## **APPENDIX**

# App. 1 Optional data monitor function

The optional data monitor function is used to monitor data in the servo amplifier with the servo system controller. In the optional data monitor function, data types of registered monitor and transient command can be set.

For details of usage and others, refer to the manuals for servo system controllers.

#### App. 1.1 Registered monitor

The following explains data types exclusively for the MR-J4-(DU)\_B\_-LL. Items not mentioned are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifier. Refer to app. 13.1 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

Data type	Description
Pressure command	The pressure command from the controller is displayed.
Load cell pressure	A pressure feedback value of the load cell for pressure control is displayed.
Monitor input signal ch1	A value of the analog monitor input 1 is displayed.
Monitor input signal ch2	A value of the analog monitor input 2 is displayed.

## App. 1.2 Transient command

Transient commands are the same as those for MR-J4-\_B\_ servo amplifiers. Refer to app. 13.2 of "MR-J4-\_B\_(-RJ) Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

#### **REVISIONS**

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Singapore	Mitsubishi Electric Asia Pte. Ltd. 307 Alexandra Road, Mitsubishi Electric Building, Singapore 159943		: +65-6473-2308 : +65-6476-7439
Thailand	Mitsubishi Electric Factory Automation (Thailand) Co., Ltd. 12th Floor, SV.City Building, Office Tower 1, No. 896/19 and 20 Rama 3 Road, Kwaeng Bangpongpang, Khet Yannawa, Bangkok 10120, Thailand	_	: +66-2682-6522 to 6531 : +66-2682-6020
Indonesia	PT. Mitsubishi Electric Indonesia Gedung Jaya 11th Floor, JL. MH. Thamrin No.12, Jakarta Pusat 10340, Indonesia		: +62-21-3192-6461 : +62-21-3192-3942
Vietnam	Mitsubishi Electric Vietnam Company Limited Unit 01-04, 10th Floor, Vincom Center, 72 Le Thanh Ton Street, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam		: +84-8-3910-5945 : +84-8-3910-5947
India	Mitsubishi Electric India Pvt. Ltd. Pune Branch Emerald House, EL-3, J Block, M.I.D.C., Bhosari, Pune - 411026, Maharashtra, India		: +91-20-2710-2000 : +91-20-2710-2100
Australia	Mitsubishi Electric Australia Pty. Ltd. 348 Victoria Road, P.O. Box 11, Rydalmere, N.S.W 2116, Australia		: +61-2-9684-7777 : +61-2-9684-7245

#### Warranty

1. Warranty period and coverage

We will repair any failure or defect hereinafter referred to as "failure" in our FA equipment hereinafter referred to as the "Product" arisen during warranty period at no charge due to causes for which we are responsible through the distributor from which you purchased the Product or our service provider. However, we will charge the actual cost of dispatching our engineer for an on-site repair work on request by customer in Japan or overseas countries. We are not responsible for any on-site readjustment and/or trial run that may be required after a defective unit are repaired or replaced.

#### [Term]

The term of warranty for Product is twelve (12) months after your purchase or delivery of the Product to a place designated by you or eighteen (18) months from the date of manufacture whichever comes first ("Warranty Period"). Warranty period for repaired Product cannot exceed beyond the original warranty period before any repair work.

#### [Limitations]

- (1) You are requested to conduct an initial failure diagnosis by yourself, as a general rule.

  It can also be carried out by us or our service company upon your request and the actual cost will be charged. However, it will not be charged if we are responsible for the cause of the failure.
- (2) This limited warranty applies only when the condition, method, environment, etc. of use are in compliance with the terms and conditions and instructions that are set forth in the instruction manual and user manual for the Product and the caution label affixed to the Product.
- (3) Even during the term of warranty, the repair cost will be charged on you in the following cases;
  - (i) a failure caused by your improper storing or handling, carelessness or negligence, etc., and a failure caused by your hardware or software problem
  - (ii) a failure caused by any alteration, etc. to the Product made on your side without our approval
  - (iii) a failure which may be regarded as avoidable, if your equipment in which the Product is incorporated is equipped with a safety device required by applicable laws and has any function or structure considered to be indispensable according to a common sense in the industry
  - (iv) a failure which may be regarded as avoidable if consumable parts designated in the instruction manual, etc. are duly maintained and replaced
  - (v) any replacement of consumable parts (battery, fan, smoothing capacitor, etc.)
  - (vi) a failure caused by external factors such as inevitable accidents, including without limitation fire and abnormal fluctuation of voltage, and acts of God, including without limitation earthquake, lightning and natural disasters
  - (vii) a failure generated by an unforeseeable cause with a scientific technology that was not available at the time of the shipment of the Product from our company
  - (viii) any other failures which we are not responsible for or which you acknowledge we are not responsible for
- 2. Term of warranty after the stop of production
- (1) We may accept the repair at charge for another seven (7) years after the production of the product is discontinued. The announcement of the stop of production for each model can be seen in our Sales and Service, etc.
- (2) Please note that the Product (including its spare parts) cannot be ordered after its stop of production.
- 3. Service in overseas countries
  - Our regional FA Center in overseas countries will accept the repair work of the Product. However, the terms and conditions of the repair work may differ depending on each FA Center. Please ask your local FA center for details.
- 4. Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation to:
- (1) Damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi.
- (2) Loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products.
- (3) Special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products.
- (4) Replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.
- 5. Change of Product specifications
  - Specifications listed in our catalogs, manuals or technical documents may be changed without notice.
- 6. Application and use of the Product
- (1) For the use of our General-Purpose AC Servo, its applications should be those that may not result in a serious damage even if any failure or malfunction occurs in General-Purpose AC Servo, and a backup or fail-safe function should operate on an external system to General-Purpose AC Servo when any failure or malfunction occurs.
- (2) Our General-Purpose AC Servo is designed and manufactured as a general purpose product for use at general industries. Therefore, applications substantially influential on the public interest for such as atomic power plants and other power plants of electric power companies, and also which require a special quality assurance system, including applications for railway companies and government or public offices are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used
  - In addition, applications which may be substantially influential to human lives or properties for such as airlines, medical treatments, railway service, incineration and fuel systems, man-operated material handling equipment, entertainment machines, safety machines, etc. are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used. We will review the acceptability of the abovementioned applications, if you agree not to require a specific quality for a specific application. Please contact us for consultation.

MODEL	
MODEL CODE	

# MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE : TOKYO BLDG MARUNOUCHI TOKYO 100-8310