

Three-phase Asymmetry and Phase-sequence Phase-loss Relay K8AB-PA

Ideal for 3-phase voltage asymmetry monitoring for industrial facilities and equipment.

- Monitor voltage asymmetry, phase sequence, and phase loss for three-phase 3-wire or 4-wire power supplies with just one Unit
 - Switch setting for 3-phase 3-wire or 3-phase 4-wire power supply.
- One SPDT output relay, 6 A at 250 VAC (resistive load).
- World-wide power specifications supported by one Unit (switchable).
- Relay status can be monitored using LED indicator.



SUus C E

Model Number Structure

■ Model Number Legend

K8AB-□□

1. Basic Model

K8AB: Measuring and Monitoring Relays

2. Functions

PA: Three-phase Asymmetry and Phase-sequence Phase-loss Relay.

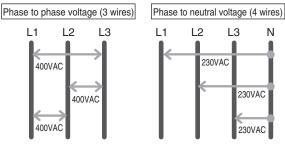
3. Rated Input Voltage

2 3

- 1: AC 115, 127, 133, 138, 200, 220, 230, 240
- 2: AC 220, 230, 240, 277, 380, 400, 415, 480

Single K8AB Monitors 3-phase Power Supply with 3 or 4 Wires

Monitoring Relays can be used to monitor 3-phase power supplies with 3 or 4 wires simply by changing DIP switch settings.





A Single K8AB Can Monitor a 3-phase Power Supply Anywhere in the World

Reduces Maintenance Parts Inventory

	SW3 SW4			ON	ON	OFF	OFF
				ON	OFF	ON	OFF
K8AB-P□1	ISW2	ON	P-N	138V	133V	127V	115V
		OFF	P-P	240V	230V	220V	200V
K8AB-P□2	ISW2	ON	P-N	277V	240V	230V	220V
		OFF	P-P	480V	415V	400V	380V

Ordering Information

■ List of Models

Three-phase Asymmetry and Phase-sequence Phase-loss Relay	Rated inpu	Model	
	3-phase 3-wire mode	AC 200, 220, 230, 240	K8AB-PA1
(out	3-phase 4-wire mode	AC 115, 127, 133, 138	1
	3-phase 3-wire mode	AC 380, 400, 415, 480	K8AB-PA2
	3-phase 4-wire mode	AC 220, 230, 240, 277	1

Note: 1. Three-phase, three-wire or four-wire and the input range are switched using a DIP switch.

^{2.} The power supply voltage is the same as the rated input voltage.

Ratings and Specifications

■ Ratings

Rated input voltage	K8AB-PA1	Three-phase, three-wire Mode Three-phase, four-wire Mode:				
	K8AB-PA2	Three-phase, three-wire Mode Three-phase, four-wire Mode:				
Input load	·	K8AB-PA1: 25 VA max. K8AB-PA2: 45 VA max.				
Operating value	setting range (ASY.)	Asymmetry rate: 2% to 22%				
Operating value		Asymmetry operating value = Rated input voltage × Asymmetry set value (%) The asymmetry operation will function when the potential difference between the highest and lowest voltage phases equals or exceeds the asymmetry operating value.				
Reset value setti	ing range (HYS.)	5% of operating value (fixed)				
Reset method		Automatic reset				
Operating time	Asymmetry	0.1 to 30 s				
setting range (T)	Reversed phase/phase loss	0.1 s max.				
Startup lock time	e (LOCK)	1 s or 5 s (Switched using DIP	switch.)			
Indicators		Power (PWR): Green, Relay o	utput (RY): Yellow, Alarm outputs (ALM): Red			
Output relays		One SPDT relay (NC operation	n)			
Output relay ratings		Rated load Resistive load $6 \text{ A at } 250 \text{ VAC } (\cos \phi = 1)$ $6 \text{ A at } 30 \text{ VDC } (L/R = 0 \text{ ms})$ Inductive load $1 \text{ A at } 250 \text{ VAC } (\cos \phi = 0.4)$ $1 \text{ A at } 30 \text{ VDC } (L/R = 7 \text{ ms})$ Maximum contact voltage: Maximum contact current: 6 A AC Maximum switching capacity: $1,500 \text{ VA}$ Minimum load: $10 \text{ mA at } 5 \text{ VDC}$ Mechanical life: $10,000,000 \text{ operations}$ Electrical life: $10,000,000 \text{ times}$, Break: $30,000 \text{ times}$				
Ambient operati	ng temperature	-20 to 60°C (with no condensation or icing)				
Storage tempera	ature	-40 to 70°C (with no condensation or icing)				
Ambient operati	ng humidity	25% to 85% (with no condense	ation)			
Storage humidit	y	25% to 85% (with no condensation)				
Altitude	-	2,000 m max.				
Terminal screw t	ightening torque	0.49 N⋅m				
Terminal wiring method		Recommended wire Solid wire: 2.5 mm² Twisted wires: AWG16, AWG18 Note: 1. Ferrules with insulating sleeves must be used with twisted wires. 2. Two wires can be twisted together. Recommended ferrules AI 1,5-8BK (for AWG16) manufactured by Phoenix Contact AI 1-8RD (for AWG18) manufactured by Phoenix Contact AI 0,75-8GY (for AWG18) manufactured by Phoenix Contact				
Case color		Munsell 5Y8/1				
Case material		ABS resin (self-extinguishing resin) UL94-V0				
Weight		Approx. 120 g				
Mounting		Mounted to DIN Track or via M4 screws (tightening torque: 1.2 N·m)				
Dimensions		22.5 (W) × 90 (H) × 100 (D) mm				

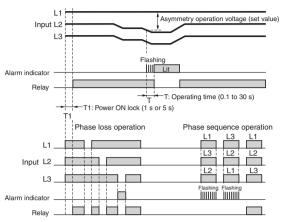
■ Specifications

Input frequency	range	45 to 65 Hz				
Overload capacity		Continuous input: 115% of maximum input, 10 s max.: 125% of maximum input				
Setting error	Operating value	Set value ±10% full scale				
	Operating time					
Startup lock time		Set value ±0.5 s				
Repeat error	Operating value	Operating value ±2% Error calculation: Error = ((Maximum operating value – Minimum operating value (over 10 operations))/2)/ Average value × 100%				
	Reset value	Operating value \times 95% \pm 2% Error calculation: Error = ((Maximum reset value – Minimum reset value (over 10 resets))/2)/Average value \times 100%				
	Operating time	Operating time repeat error: ±50 ms Asymmetry: Measured when the input suddenly changes from the three-phase asymmetry status to a difference between the maximum and minimum phases of 120% of the asymmetry operating value.				
	Startup lock time	Startup lock time repeat error: ±0.5 s (The operating time when the operating time is set to the minimum value and the power supply suddenly changes from 0% to 100%.)				
Temperature inf	luence	Operating value Drift based on measured value at standard temperature: -20°C to standard temperature: ±1,000 ppm/°C max. Standard temperature to 60°C: ±1,000 ppm/°C max. (Humidity: 25% to 80%) Operating time Fluctuation based on measured value at standard temperature: -20°C to standard temperature: ±10% max. Standard temperature to 60°C: ±10% max. (Humidity: 25% to 80%)				
Humidity influe	nce	Operating value Based on ambient humidity of 65% 25% to 80%: ±5% max. Operating time Based on ambient room humidity 25% to 80%: ±10% max.				
Influence of inp	ut frequency	At 45 to 65 Hz Operating value ±5% max. Operating time ±10% max. Note: The error in the operating value and operating time under standard conditions.				
Applicable standards	Conforming standards	EN60255-5 and EN60255-6 Installation environment (Pollution Degree 2, Overvoltage Category III)				
	EMC	EN61326				
	Safety standards	UL508				
Insulation resistance		20 MΩ min. Between external terminals and case Between input terminals and output terminals				
Dielectric strength		2,000 VAC for one minute Between external terminals and case Between input terminals and output terminals				
Noise immunity		1,500 V power supply terminal common/normal mode Square-wave noise of ±1 µs/100 ns pulse width with 1-ns rise time				
Vibration resists	ance	Frequency 10 to 55 Hz, 0.35-mm single amplitude, acceleration 50 m/s ² 10 sweeps of 5 min each in X, Y, and Z directions				
Shock resistance	e	100 m/s², 3 times each in 6 directions along three axes (up/down, left/right, forward/backward)				
Degree of prote	ction	Terminal section: Finger protection				

Connections

■ Wiring Diagram

Voltage Asymmetry and Phase Sequence/Phase Loss Operation Diagram



Note: 1. K8AB-PA output relay is normally operative.

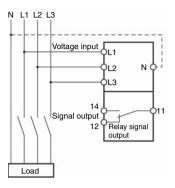
- The power ON lock prevents unnecessary alarms from being generated during the instable period when the power is first turned on. There is no relay output during timer operation.
- 3. Phase loss is detected by L1, L2, and L3 voltage drops.
- A phase loss will exist if any of the phases drops below 60% of the rated input.

 4. L1 and L2 function both as the power supply terminals and as input terminals.
 - L1 and L2 function both as the power supply terminals and as input terminals
 If the voltage drops dramatically, then the Relay will not operate due to an
 undervoltage.
 - Motor load phase loss cannot be detected during operation.
 - Phase loss is detected based on voltage, so phase loss cannot be detected on the load side.

Calculating the Asymmetry Operating Voltage

 $Asymmetry\ operation\ condition = (Highest\ voltage - Lowest\ voltage) > Asymmetry\ operating\ voltage \\ Asymmetry\ operating\ voltage = Rated\ input\ voltage\ (V)\ \times\ Asymmetry\ set\ value\ (\%)$

Note: The rated input voltage is selected and set with the DIP switch.



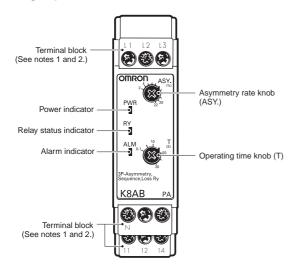
Operation Indicators

Item	Dis	Contact operation	
	Ry_LED	Alarm_LED	Alarm_LED
Asymmetry	OFF	ON	OFF
Phase loss	OFF	ON	OFF
Reversed phase	OFF	Flashing (See note.)	OFF
Correct phase	ON	OFF	ON

Note: The indicator flashes at 1-second intervals when reversed phases are detected and at 0.5-second intervals during the detection time.

Nomenclature

■ Front



Indicators

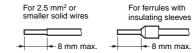
Item	Meaning
Power indicator (PWR: Green)	Lit when power is being supplied (see note).
Relay status indicator (RY: Yellow)	Lit when relay is operating (normally lit).
Alarm indicator (ALM: Red)	Asymmetry voltage error indicator The indicator flashes to indicate the error status after the input has exceeded the threshold value while the operating time is being clocked.

Note: The input across L1 and L2 is used for the internal power supply. Therefore, the power indicator will not be lit if there is no input across L1 and L2.

Setting Knobs

Item	Usage		
Asymmetry rate knob (ASY.)	Used to set the asymmetry rate to 2% to 22%.		
Operating time knob (T)	Used to set the operating time to 0.1 to 30 s.		

Note: 1. Use either a solid wire of 2.5 mm² maximum or a ferrule with insulating sleeve for the terminal connection. The length of the exposed current-carrying part inserted into the terminal must be 8 mm or less to maintain dielectric strength after connection.



Recommended ferrules **Phoenix Contact**

- Al 1,5-8BK (for AWG16)
- AI 1-8RD (for AWG18)
- AI 0,75-8GY (for AWG18)
- 2. Tightening torque Recommended: 0.49 N·m Maximum: 0.54 N·m

■ Operation and Setting Methods

Connections

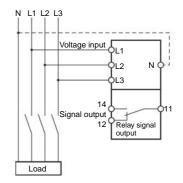
sequence is incorrect.

1. Input

Connect to L1, L2, and L3 (for three-phase three-wire mode) or L1, L2, L3, and N (for three-phase four-wire mode), depending on the mode selected using pin 2 on the DIP switch. The Unit will not operate correctly if the DIP switch setting and the wiring do not agree. Make sure the phase sequence is wired correctly. The Unit will not operate normally if the phase

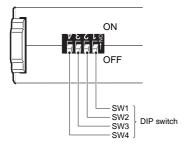
2. Outputs

Terminals 11, 12, and 14 are output terminals for SPDT.



DIP Switch Settings

The power ON lock time, number of wires, and rated voltage are set using the DIP switch located on the bottom of the Unit.



DIP Switch Functions

K8AB-PA1

SWITCH	ON ● ↑ OFF ○ ↓		ON	3	2	1
Power ON lock	5 s	5 s				•
time	1 s					0
Number of wires	Three-phase, four-wire				•	
	Three-phase, three-wire				О	
Rated voltage	Three-phase, three-wire	Three-phase, four-wire				
	240 V	138 V	•	•		
	230 V	133 V	•	0		
	220 V	127 V	О	•		
	200 V	115 V	0			

Note: All pins are set to OFF at the factory.

K8AB-PA2

SWITCH		ON ●↑	ON	3	2	1
Power ON lock	5 s		OFF			
	J 5					•
time	1 s					0
Number of wires	Three-phase, four-wire				•	
	Three-phase,	three-wire			О	
Rated voltage	Three-phase, three-wire	Three-phase, four-wire				
	480 V	277 V	•	•		
	415 V	240 V	•	0		
	400 V	230 V	0	•		
	380 V	220 V	0	0		

Note: All pins are set to OFF at the factory.

Setting Method

1. Asymmetry

Asymmetry is set using the asymmetry operation knob (ASY.)

The setting can be between 2% and 22% of the rated input.

Turn the knob while there is an input to the input terminals until the alarm indicator flashes (when the set value and the input have reached the same level.)

Use this as a guide to set the asymmetry.

The rated input depends on the model and DIP switch setting.

Example: K8AB-PA1 with Pin 2 Turned OFF (Three-phase, Three-wire Mode) and Pins 3 and 4 Turned OFF (Rated Voltage of 200 V)

The rated input voltage is 200 VAC and the setting range is 4 to 44 V.

If the setting (ASY, knob) is at 10%, the asymmetry operation voltage is 20 V and an alarm will be output if the difference between the minimum and maximum phases for two of the three phases exceeds 20 V.

2. Operating Time

The operating time is set using the operating time knob (T).

The operating time can be set to between 0.1 and 30 s.

Turn the know while there is an input to the input terminals until the alarm indicator flashes (when the set value and the input have reached the same level.)

Use this as a guide to set the operating time.

If the input exceeds the asymmetry set value, the alarm indicator will start flashing for the set period and then stay lit.

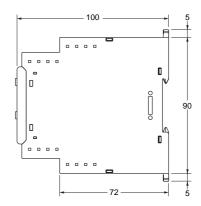
Dimensions (Unit: mm)

Three-phase Asymmetry and Phase-sequence Phase-loss Relay

K8AB-PA1 K8AB-PA2







Safety Precautions

■ Precautions for Safe Use

Make sure to follow the instructions below to ensure safety.

- 1. Do not use or keep this product in the following environments.
 - Outdoors, or places subject to direct sunlight or wearing weather.
 - Places where dust, iron powder, or corrosive gases (in particular, sulfuric or ammonia gas) exist.
 - Places subject to static electricity or inductive noise.
 - Places where water or oil come in contact with the product.
- 2. Make sure to install this product in the correct direction.
- There is a remote risk of electric shock. Do not touch terminals while electricity is being supplied.
- Make sure to thoroughly understand all instructions in the Instructions Manual before handling this product.
- Make sure to confirm terminal makings and polarity for correct wiring.
- 6. Tighten terminal screws firmly using the following torque. Recommended tightening torque: 0.49 N·m Maximum tightening torque: 0.54 N·m max.
- Operating ambient temperature and humidity for this product must be within the indicated rating when using this product.
- 8. There is a remote risk of explosion. Do not use this product where flammable or explosive gas exists.
- 9. Make sure that no weight rests on the product after installation.
- 10. To enable an operator to turn off this product easily, install switches or circuit breakers that conform to relevant requirements of IEC60947-1 and IEC60947-3, and label them appropriately.

■ Precautions for Correct Use

For Proper Use

- 1. Do not use the product in the following locations.
 - Places subject to radiant heat from heat generating devices.
 - · Places subject to vibrations or physical shocks.
- Make sure to use setting values appropriate for the controlled object. Failure to do so can cause unintended operation, and may result in accident or corruption of the product.
- Do not use thinner or similar solvent for cleaning. Use commercial alcohol.
- When discarding, properly dispose of the product as industrial waste
- Only use this product within a board whose structure allows no possibility for fire to escape.

About Installation

- 1. When wiring, use only recommended crimp terminals.
- Do not block areas around the product for proper dissipation of heat. (If you do not secure space for heat dissipation, life cycle of the product will be compromised.)
- 3. To avoid electrical shocks, make sure that power is not supplied to the product while wiring.
- **4.** To avoid electrical shocks, make sure that power is not supplied to the product when performing DIP switch settings.

Noise Countermeasures

- Do not install the product near devices generating strong high frequency waves or surges.
- 2. When using a noise filter, check the voltage and current and install it as close to the product as possible.
- 3. In order to prevent inductive noise, wire the lines connected to the product separately from power lines carrying high voltages or currents. Do not wire in parallel with or on the same cable as power lines.
 - Other measures for reducing noise include running lines along separate ducts and using shield lines.

To avoid faulty operations, malfunctions, or failure, observe the following operating instructions.

- When turning on the power, make sure to realize rated voltage within 1 second from the time of first supply of electricity.
- 2. Make sure to use power supply for operations, inputs, and transformer with the appropriate capacity and rated burden.
- 3. Maintenance and handling of this product may only be performed by qualified personnel.
- 4. Distortion ratio of input wave forms must be 30% or less. Use of this product with circuits that have large distortion in wave forms may result in unwanted operations.
- 5. Using this product for thyristor controls or inverters will result in
- When setting the volume, adjust the control from the minimum side to the maximum side.

Questions and Answers



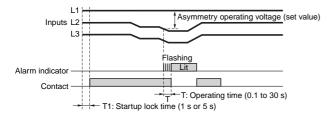
Checking Operation



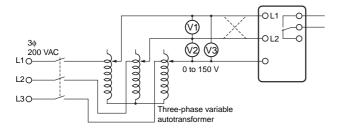
With the rated input voltage applied, gradually change the voltage to any one phase. The Unit will operate when the difference between the maximum and minimum voltage phases reaches or exceeds the asymmetry operating value. Asymmetry operating value = Rated input voltage \times Asymmetry set value (%)

Example: For monitoring mode set to three-phase three-wire monitoring, a rated voltage of 200 V, and an operating time

Note: K8AB-PA□ output relays are normally operative.



Connection Diagram 1



Q

How to Measure the Operating Time



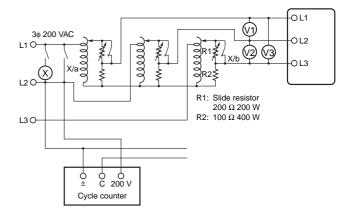
Asymmetry

Change the input rapidly from a symmetric state to an asymmetric state and measure the time until the relay operates.

Operating Time

Adjust the slide resistor so that the voltage difference applied to the K8AB terminals is equal to or greater than the asymmetry operating value when the auxiliary relay operates, as shown in connection diagram 2. Close the switch and use the cycle counter to measure the operating time.

Connection Diagram 2





Checking the Phase Sequence and Phase Loss Operation



Phase Sequence Operation

Switch the wiring, as shown by the dotted lines in connection diagram 1, to reverse the phase sequence and check that the K8AB operates.

Phase Loss Operation

Create a phase loss for any input phase and check that the K8AB operates.



Operating Adjustment Knobs



Use a screwdriver to turn the knobs. There is a stopper to prevent the knob from turning any further once it has been turned completely to the left or right. Do not force the knob past these limits.



Load-side Phase Loss



In principle, phase loss cannot be detected on the load side because the K8AB-PA□ measures three-phase voltage to determine phase loss.



Motor Load Phase Loss during Operation



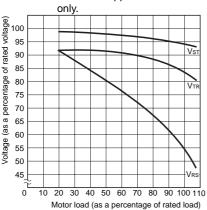
Phase loss cannot be detected for motor loads during operation. Use the asymmetry detection function.

Normally, three-phase motors will continue to rotate even if one phase is open. The three-phase voltage will be induced at the motor terminals. The diagram shows voltage induction at the motor terminals when phase R is lost with a load applied to a three-phase motor. The horizontal axis shows the motor load as a percentage of the rated load, and the vertical axis shows voltage as a percentage of the rated voltage. The lines in the graph show the voltage induced at the motor terminals for each load when phase loss occurs during operation. As the graph shows, phase loss cannot be detected because the motor terminal voltage does not drop very much even if a phase is lost when the load on the motor is light. Use the asymmetry detection function to detect asymmetry in the motor terminal voltages.

Set the operating time carefully because it will affect the time from when the phase loss occurs until tripping when this function is used.

Characteristic Curve Diagram

Note: This characteristic curve shows the approximate values



Note: For phase loss of phase R. Vst, Vtr, and Vrs indicate the motor terminal voltage at phase loss.



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Dimensions and weights are nominal and are not to be used for manufacturing purposes, even when tolerances are shown.

ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.

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